Victoria Times.

VOL. 21 — VICTORIA B. C., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1895 — No. 49

Some Time or other

You want to do business at a jeweler's, buy some article of their stock or get your watch or jewelry repaired. You are the judge of where you should go, and all we ask is a fair trial, by inspecting our stock and getting our prices.

Challoner & Mitchell, 47 Government Street, Opposite Bank of B. C.

THE WESTSIDE

Recived this day

ONE CASE Brainerd & Armstrong's **WASH SILKS**

Also a Full Assortment of

Corticelli Silk Co.'s Manufactures,

COMPRISING

Knitting, Crochet, Filo, Roman, Rope and Honitan Lace Silks.

Also Skirt Protectors, Braids, Etc.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

THE WESTSIDE, 25th February, 1895.

HAVE YOU SAMPLED Our

Choicest Peaberry JAVA, MOCHA or CEYLON

Coffee

Freshly roasted and ground on our premises, and being always fresh retains its natural fragrance and flavor.

Sole Agents for

Rainier Flour

the best Full Patent Washington Flour on the market.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.

Special Sale

In order to make room for NEW GOODS to arrive soon we will hold a SPECIAL CLEARANCE SALE for two weeks at SURPRISINGLY LOW PRICES.

A. Gregg & Son,

TAILORS 62 YATES STREET

If your Grocer is out of

Keewatin ....Flour....

INSIST on his getting it for you and TAKE NO OTHER

THE WAR IN THE EAST.

Prince Kung Says China Stands Upon Principle and Japan Upon Power.

Minister Denby Annoyed by the Publicity Exhibited by the Tsungli Yamen.

London, Feb 27.—A Pekin dispatch gives an interview with Prince Kung in which he says that Japan made the Corean troubles a pretext for war. He questioned very seriously whether Japan could claim possession of the territory she had conquered together with four hundred million taels indemnity "China," he said, "stands upon principle and Japan upon power. If Japan will meet us in a friendly spirit, the conclusion of peace will be possible. If her demands are exorbitant China will continue to fight." He argued that he did not think Japan could overrun all the Chinese provinces even if war was continued.

A Pekin dispatch says United States minister Denby is greatly annoyed at the duplicity exhibited by the Tsung li Yamen in the matter of issuing credentials to the late peace envoys to Japan.

Li Hung Chang has had three cordial audiences with the emperor and has definitely accepted the peace mission to Japan.

THE AMERICAN CONGRESS.

Financial Question Still the Bone of Contention.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 27.—The senate resumed the consideration of sundry civil appropriation bills, and the Gorman amendment for the issue of one hundred millions of three per cent. certificates of indebtedness and requiring that United States bonds be offered to the public for twenty days, was then taken up.

In the house a joint resolution directing the suspension of bonding privileges in regard to articles shipped to the free zone in Mexico, with the senate amendment, was laid before the house. The senate struck out the limit of operations of the joint resolution to that port of the zone from the city of Laredo to the Pacific ocean.

THE WOMEN'S COUNCIL.

The Dress Worn by Men Comfortable, But Not Beautiful.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 27.—At the National Council of Women at this morning's session dress from every stand point was considered, and the audience seemed to take particular delight in the statement of one of the speakers that the dress worn by men was comfortable, but certainly not beautiful. In presenting the subject Secretary Sewall said that from the time Eve plucked the first fig leaf to the present dress had been a most interesting and perplexing subject for women.

"Tired Nature's Sweet Restorer,

Balmy sleep" is often disturbed by fits of coughing. LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE insures a good night's rest.

COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists,

Sole Agents, cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

MONEY TO LOAN

In large or small amounts on approved security.

MORROW, HOLLAND & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO EXCHANGE—Improved ranch near Tacoma, incumbrance $700, for improved city property. Address "Ranch," 60 1-2 Humboldt street, Victoria. f27-5t

PHOTO ENGRAVING AND ZINC ETCHING, in line and half tone; reproductions of portraits, buildings, letters, etc. Jones, 59 1-2 Government street, Victoria, B. C.

FOR SALE—A double barrel, choke bore, 12 gauge, shot gun. For further particulars apply by letter to W. W., Times office.

TO LET—Small corner grocery doing fair cash business; fixtures cheap; must let at once on account of sickness; stock optional. Address A., Times office. f27-1t

FOR SALE—In James Bay, good desirable property, new houses. Any reasonable offer will be accepted. Apply J. G., Times office. f27-3t

NOTICE.

Mr. F. B. Atherton is my authorized collector.

LEWIS HALL.

GRAND CONVERSAZIONE GOOD NIGHT DRILL

....At....

Reformed Episcopal Schoolroom

On THURSDAY EVENING, February 28th.

TENDERS.

Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday next, the 4th of March proximo, for supplying a horse for use in connection with the Fire Department.

Specification may be seen at the office of the Chief of Fire Department.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 27th, 1895.

TO BOYCOTT THE GRAND TRUNK.

The Transatlantic Steamship Companies' Grievance.

New York, Feb. 27.—The Herald says the local managers of the transatlantic steamship companies have sent a communication to the trunk line association in effect calling upon the railroads to boycott the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada and the Chicago & Grand Trunk railway on immigrant passenger business destined from New York to the west. If the trunk lines refuse to do this the steamship companies, although they do not so state in the letter, intend to break of negotiations with the railroad association and no longer allow immigrant passengers to be routed by the clearing house as has been done for several years. If necessary the steamship companies will take matters into their own hands and make a deal with some one road that is willing to allow the best commissions, leaving all other railroads out in the cold. If this is done the boycotted roads will lose one of their most profitable sources of revenue. The grievance of the steamship companies is that the Grand Trunk by paying a commission of $6 a piece on all prepaid passengers routed via Montreal, while the trunk line railroads allow only $1.30, is diverting business away from New York to Canadian ports and hence the lines putting into New York are losing their legitimate ship travel.

FRANCE AND SAN DOMINGO

An Armed Force Demanding Reparation for a Trivial Offence.

Washington, Feb. 27.—It is stated that the presence of three French warships in the harbor of San Domingo has been made the subject of diplomatic representations on the part of the United States at the request of the Dominican government. France has long had claims against San Domingo which seemed incapable of settlement by ordinary diplomatic methods and three naval vessels have been assembled in the vicinity as an an incentive to speedy action. Secretary Gresham, it is asserted, in response to requests from the government of San Domingo, has pointed out to France that the United States has long standing claims against San Domingo antedating those of France. The French reply conceded this point, but represented that immediate reparation was demanded only in the case of a French citizen who had been recently assaulted with the ascertained connivance of the Dominican authorities. The United States thereupon replied that it is understood that this was a matter which could not be held to warrant a hostile naval demonstration on the part of France and suggested that the difficulty was easily susceptible of amicable settlement and that justice could be obtained more certainly in the absence of a threatening armed force. As far as can be learned the incident rests at this point. Should any further difficulty arise it is possible that one of the vessels of Admiral Hendes' fleet now at Barbadoes may be ordered to cruise on the coast of Hayti and San Domingo for the protection of American interests which are very considerable there. Samaan Bay, on the north side of the island, has long been treated by the United States navy as practically an American possession, just as Pearl Harbor is in Hawaii.

BELLIGERENT BEDOUINS.

Cause Mischief in Muscat—The Busy Bomb Throwers.

London, Feb. 27.—A dispatch from Bombay to the Central News says that the city of Muscat was greatly damaged by the fire of the sultan's troops in endeavoring to repel the insurgent Bedouins. It is believed that the sultan's forces are getting the better of the fight.

Truth says it is shown by the executors of the late Lord Churchill that owing to fortunate investments under the generous advice of the Rothschilds and Col. North Lord Churchill was not without resources when he died.

Berlin, Feb. 27.—The reichstag to-day adopted a proposal conferring dictary powers upon the government of Alsace-Lorraine.

Catania, Feb. 27.—By the explosion of a bomb in the city hall of this city during the festival last evening a panic was created, but no one was seriously hurt.

Cape Town, Feb. 27.—Sir Hercules Robinson has been appointed governor of Cape Colony.

London, Feb. 27.—It is officially stated that the subscriptions to the American loan amounted to nearly six hundred million dollars.

London, Feb. 27.—A dispatch from Belfast says the steamer Loch Maree, before reported abandoned, has been towed into Belfast.

Lord Dunraven considers forty men sufficient to work a yacht of the size of the Valkyrie, and may object to the America's cup defender having more.

BIG BLAZE AT HALIFAX.

The Government Wharf and Elevator Burned—Loss $500,000.

Halifax, Feb. 27.—Fire here to-day burned the government wharf and elevator, the Sarmatian hotel and half a dozen houses on Water street. Two firemen were badly injured. Loss half a million.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

PREPARING FOR THE BATTLE

McCarthyites and Conservaties Will Contest Toronto—Some New Nominations.

Winnipeg Tradesmen to Form an Independent Party—The Templars' Vote.

Bradford, Feb. 27.—North York Liberals nominated William Maloek, M. P., for the commons.

Norwood, Feb. 27.—East Peterboro' Liberals nominated J. Lang, M. P., for the commons.

Fredericton, N. B., Feb. 27.—E. H. Allen, son of Chief Justice Allen, has been nominated by the Liberals of York county to oppose Foster.

Montreal, Feb. 27.—Hon. John Costigan was tendered a banquet in St. Lawrence hall last night.

Halifax, Feb. 27.—The Liberals and prohibitionists of Annapolis have nominated Shippy Spur for the commons. Attorney-General Longley has declined the nomination.

St. Mary's, Feb. 27.—South Perth Liberals have nominated Mr. Erb, of Bowle, for the commons.

Winnipeg, Feb. 27.—Delegates from the various trades unions of this city have decided to form an independent political party

Toronto, Feb. 27.—It is understood that the contest at the coming federal elections for the Toronto constituencies will be between the Conservatives and the McCarthyites.

Winnipeg, Feb. 27.—The Winnipeg council of the Royal Templars repudiate the recent action of the grand council in pledging the votes of the prohibitionists to the Patron candiates.

Quebec, Feb. 26.—Hon. Mr. Laurier wishes Mr. Francois Langelier to reconsider his determination not to run in Quebec in the Liberal interest. Hon. F. Langelier, ex-provincial secretary, will probably run as a Liberal in Montmorency.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

Customs Commissioner Sentenced to one Year Without Hard Labor.

Ottawa, Feb. 27.—J. Watters, commissioner of customs, pleaded technically guilty at the police court on five charges preferred by the government, and was sentenced to one year without hard labor. It was admitted that morally there has been mere irregularity and indiscretion. The general opinion is that the sentence is unnecessarily severe. It was fixed by Tupper and handed to the magistrate by the crown counsel. The magistrate said he was relieved from exercising his own judgment.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

Toronto's Taxation Decreases—Manitoba Grain Dealers in Trouble.

Toronto, Feb. 27.—The assessment on which the taxation of the current year was levied is $146,338,384, which is $4,428,000 less than last year. The decrease is caused by the reduction in land values, chiefly in the outskirts of the city.

Montreal, Feb. 27.—W. H. Meredith, of Moses, Middleton & Meredith, died yesterday. Meredith was a director of the Bank of Montreal and son of the late Sir William G. Meredith, chief justice of the Queen's Bench of Quebec, and second cousin of Chief Justice Meredith, of Toronto, and of H. V. Meredith, local manager of the Bank of Montreal.

Winnipeg, Feb. 27.—Owing to the discovery of some crooked work among the grain buyers at Minnedosa several of those concerned have hurriedly and secretly departed for the States. The nature of the trouble has not yet been disclosed.

Halifax, Feb. 27.—The will of the late Sir George Elliott, baronet, England, was filed last evening in the probate office here. The testator's son, G. W. Elliott, M. P., J. G. Griffiths and Chas. E. Hunter are appointed executors.

THE GLITTERING TITLE.

Another American Beauty Will Become a Duchess.

New York, Feb. 27.—A Washington special says the Duke d'Axaricos, the recently appointed Spanish minister to Mexico, left here for the Mexican capital on Thursday, bearing with him the promise of Miss Virginia Lowery of this city to become his bride. A dozen years ago he won Miss Lowery's heart while in Washington, but on account of her father's aversion to any but an American son-in-law she refused to marry him. But she would not renounce him entirely. The old duke, the young man's father, died recently, and he inherited the old gentleman's title and estates in Spain, and soon afterwards was appointed to the American mission. After a visit of three weeks in Washington, in which time Mr. Lowery had relented, things were amicably settled. The father of the bride is a most highly esteemed citizen of Washington, while his beautiful daughter is one of the belles of the city.

—The Wilson watch case has been postponed in the police court for a week to await the return to port of the steamer Glad Tidings.

CABLE DISPATCHES.

Daily News and Standard Denounce the Bi-Metallic Movement as Fallacious.

The Japanese Member Will Present His Credentials at Windsor Castle To-Day.

London, Feb. 26.—Speaking on Mr. Everett's motion, Sir William Vernon Harcourt said: The interests of this country as the greatest trading and monetary centre of the world were bound up in the soundness of her currency, and it ought to be borne in mind that England conducted her trade upon relatively the smallest basis of any country. She did so because she had the largest credit. (Hear, hear.) Leaving international considerations for the national aspect of the question, he contended that there ought to be a continuity of the currency policy which the nation had attained. Though hoping little from an international monetary conference, inasmuch as a motion had been brought forward on common grounds declaring that evils existed which the government admitted, and as he had only been invited to cooperate with the powers on the subect he had decided not to oppose the resolution. (Cheers.)

The parliamentary bi-metallist committee, immediately after Sir William Harcourt had announced his acceptance of Mr. Everett's motion, telegraphed to the Berlin bi-metallist league asking it to urge upon Prince Hohenlohe, the German chancellor, the expediency of opening negotiations for a monetary conference at Berlin. The league responded with a telegram congratulating the English bimetallists upon the success of Mr. Everett's motion. The opinion prevails in the lobby that an international conference on the subject is assured.

The Daily News will say to-morrow that it deeply regrets the decision of the government to accept Mr. Everett's proposal in regard to the monetary question, believing that bi-metallism would be injurious, if not fatal, to British commercial supremacy. It cannot help fearing that the acquiescence of the ministers means a renewal of negotiations from which no useful result can be expected and which may stimulate and encourage a fallacious and pernicious movement. Nevertheless the News rejoices that Sir William Harcourt made it plain that the cabinet adheres to the settled financial policy of the United Kingdom.

The Standard to-morrow ill say: "We are absolutely bound not to swerve from the principle of the gold standard, nor can we afford to give the smallest color to the supposition that we are likely to relax the wholesome rigidity of this rule. But as far as can be accomplished without the impairment of this principle it is our urgent interest to promote steadiness in the comparative value of the two metals. Sir William Harcourt, therefore, wisely spoke in sympathy with the projected conference. Nothing is likely to result from it, but it would have been ungracious and impolitic to exclude any suggestion bearing the faintest glimmer of hope."

At the inquest of the Elbe's disaster to-day at Lowestoft, Pilot Greenham testified that after the crash attempts were made to close the water tight doors of the Elbe. The captain of the Elbe remained on the bridge to the last. The captain ordered the boats to be got out, but the ropes were frozen and had to be chopped away. The orders given by the captain were obeyed. There was no confusion. The captain and chief engineer of the Crathie deposed that the vessel's telegraph was frozen at the time of the collision. Orders were given to the lookout man, who shouted them to the engine room. The engineer admitted that he had not looked to see whether or not the telegraph was all right when the vessel sailed from Rotterdam. On the conclusion of the engineer's testimony the coroner intimated that the inquest would be adjourned until March 26. The solicitor for the captain of the Crathie objected to this proposal and asked the jury to render a verdict. It would be cruel, he said, to let the matter hang fire over the captain's head for a month. The coroner opposed the rendering of a verdict at the present time, and the inquest was adjourned.

A dispatch to the United Press from Paris says that it is understood that the United States embassy to France will lodge a protest against the decrees submitted to the French cabinet by M. Gadaud, minister of agriculture, and adopted, prohibiting the importation into France of American cattle on account of the prevalence of Texas fever and pleuro-pneumonia.

Lord Rosebery, who has been suffering from influenza, is improving. His insomnia has lessened. Hon. A. J. Balfour, the Conservative leader, who has also been a victim of the influenza, is better, and is able to leave his room.

The news from St. Petersburg that the portfolio of Russian minister of foreign affairs had been offered to M. de Stael, now Russian ambassador to England, which was sent out by the United Press on January 31, has been confirmed from several quarters. It is considered unlikely that M. de Stael will refuse the honor.

The Japanese minister will present his credentials at Windsor to-morrow afternoon. He will be introduced to the Queen by the Earl of Kimberley, the foreign secretary. Lord Kimberley next week will accompany the Chinese minister to Windsor, who will take some handsome presents to the Queen from the ex-Empress of China, in return for those sent by her majesty on the occasion of the birthday of the ex-empress.

Jones—Why don't you go to work and earn a living?

Smith—My dear fellow, what's the use? I tried it once for a little while, and no sooner did I earn a dollar than I had to spend it. So I gave it up.—New York Recorder.

BEHRING SEA CLAIMS.

The Debate in the House of Representatives on the Matter.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 25.—The house in committee of the whole resumed consideration of the general deficiency bill. The amendment to pay Great Britain $425,000, the amount of the award made by the Paris Bering sea tribunal against the United States, precipitated a long debate.

Breckinridge, in charge of the bill, explained the details of the Paris arbitration and the decision against the justice and legality of the seizures of the United States in Behring sea. Great Britain, through Sir Julian Pauncefote, had demanded $500,000 and Secretary Gresham had agreed to $425,000. The government in fairness should accept the judgment and pay the damages.

Cannon said the fatal defect in the judgment of the Paris tribunal was the fact that the citizenship of the claimants had never been passed upon. He called attention, moreover, to the fact that under the modus vivendi agreed to in 1892 by Sir Charles Russell, representing the British government, and E. J. Phelps, representing the United States, all claims for speculative damages had been solemnly waived. In the Geneva award all claims for speculative or constructive damages (amounting to hundreds of millions) had been ruled out, on the ground that they depended on contingencies too uncertain. What made sauce for the goose made sauce for the gander. Why should we now pay speculative claims? Some $258,000 of the award was for purely speculative damages. Besides, he had reason to believe that several owners of vessels were American citizens and not British subjects. At most, but $8000 could be claimed. When Secretary Gresham offered Sir Julian $425,000, the British government, he said, jumped at it like bass at a fly. He would have vote to carry out the agreement made by Secretary Gresham.

Henderson, Rep., Iowa, analyzed the statement of ex-Secretary Foster to the effect that $81,000 represented the maximum damages that could justly be assessed against the United States and that ten of the vessels seized were owned in whole or in part by Americans, and therefore were excluded.

McCreary, Dem., chairman of the foreign affairs committee, favored the appropriation on the ground that the United States must do one of two things—pay this $425,000 or submit the question of assessment of damages to a commission. If the latter course were followed it would cost the government twice $425,000 before the matter was settled.

Hitt attacked the amendment vigorously. Of the $425,000 claimed, positive testimony showed that $360,000 was owned by citizens of the United States. Boscowitz, he claimed, owned almost all the fleet, and had sent it out to Behring sea by the foundation of a scoundrelly and fraudulent claim. It looked to him, Hitt said, as if the state department were making a desperate struggle to maintain the parity between claims and payments.

Breckinridge closed with a declaration that the Paris arbitration was an unfortunate chapter in our diplomacy, and its result a complete farce. Yet we must keep our faith and pay the award.

Cannon demanded a roll call on the amendment to pay the Behring sea award, and it was lost, 122 to 143.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

Mr. de Martigny Says Blood Serum is all Right.

Montreal, Feb. 26.—Dr. A. de Martigny, who was sent to France by the government of Quebec to learn how to use Dr. Rioux's blood serum for the cure of diphtheria, has returned home. He says it is an excellent thing, and if results have not been satisfactory here it is owing to poor toxine.

W. H. Meredith, a prominent stockbroker and director of the Bank of Montreal, died this evening from pneumonia.

Toronto, Feb. 26.—The patrons' grand board to-day fixed the date of their convention for March 11. The charge of irregularities in the funds were discussed and the auditor was instructed to issue a denial. It was explained by President Mallory that the reason for delaying the convention was the belief at the time of the postponement that a dissolution was at hand and that they did not care to take one hundred leading workers from active participation in the elections to attend the convention.

Rumor here has it that Col. O'Brien, M. P., will run in East Toronto, and that J. K. Macdonald, of the Confederation Life Assurance company, will run for Centre Toronto on the McCarthy platform, and that a McCarthy man is to be put up in West Toronto.

THE WINDY CITY.

Will be the Headquarters of the Republican Convention.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 26.—Talks with Republican members of both houses of congress, as well as with a number of representatives Republicans who have visited the capital of late, shows that the general concensus of opinion favors Chicago as the location for the next national convention. There is also, thus early, manifested a strong sentiment in favor of a late convention, the argument being advanced that a mid-summer convention means much discomfort to the participants, a long campaign through the heated term and unnecessary expenditure of money. The chances are that when the executive committee of the national Republican committee settles down next fall to decide the question it will decree that the convention will be held in the Windy City in the second, third or fourth week of August, 1896.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

GOOD,
BAD,
INDIFFERENT.

There are many kinds of matches offered, but you can't always rely on the recommendation of the grocer.

Since the introduction of match-making in Canada, E. B Eddy's Matches have been associated with excellence and merit.

ALL ABOUT WALKER.

A Dispatch In Which a Lot of Nonsense Is Incorporated.

San Francisco, Feb. 24.—Among the arrivals on the steamer Gaelic from Honolulu was F. D. Walker, of the schooner Norma, who, according to the stories circulated was asked to leave the republic for the republic's good. Walker denied this and tells a tale of how he left on commercial business.

Walker was originally from Victoria, B. C., and went to the island first five or six years ago. There have been suspicions for a long time that he was engaged in opium smuggling from British Columbia to Hawaii, and not long since the Norma was believed to have unloaded a lot of arms for the revolutionists at one of the islands. As Walker made frequent trips back and forth the government considered that it had a strong case against him.

Shortly after the recent attempt to restore the queen Mr. Walker was preparing to sail for Victoria on the Warrimoo. At the last moment he was asked to see the marshal, and when he did so his passport was taken up. At this, so Mr. Walker stated, he went to see President Dole and then Attorney-General Smith. Both were absent, however, and he got little satisfaction from subordinates. Then he went to British Consul Hawes, but Hawes told him that it was a time of war, and he got little satisfaction from him. The upshot of it was that he was detained until the government could look into his case, and then he got word that he was to be deported. Walker says he was not deported, but there are intimations that this was about what it amounted to.

Walker's story is that he did not really own the Norma, but that she was in his name, while, in fact, Mr. Rowell, of Honolulu, was the proprietor. At the same time F. J. Claxton, of Dalby & Claxton, Victoria, had her chartered. Walker tells that the Norma at the time she was supposed to be smuggling arms and opium had really gone to the head of Queen Charlotte sound for salmon. Walker professes loyalty to the Hawaiian government, and says that just before the recent revolution he was preparing to visit London, with the concurrence of President Dole and the cabinet, to raise funds for laying a cable from Vancouver to Honolulu. Walker is now en route to Victoria.

Witherby—I forgot my latch key last night, and when I came home I couldn't get in, so I had to wait until the family got up.

Plankington—How long was it, old man; about half an hour?—New York World.

FRANK LEAKE
Oshawa, Ont.

Pains in the Joints

Caused by Inflammatory Swelling

A Perfect Cure by Hood's Sarsaparilla:

"It affords me much pleasure to recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla. My son was afflicted with great pain in the joints, accompanied with swelling so bad that he could not get up stairs to bed without crawling on hands and knees. I was very anxious about him, and having read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla, I determined to try it, and got a half-dozen bottles, four of which entirely cured him." MRS. G. A. LAKE, Oshawa, Ontario.

N. B. Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

CONTINUAL ADVERTISING IS THE ....PRICE OF BUSINESS SUCCESS....

DRY GOODS.

Argyle House

New Spring Goods

SPECIAL BARGAINS.

20 yds. White Calico for $1.
20 yds. Unbleached Calico for $1.
14 yds. Print for $1.
14 yds. Gingham for $1.
12 yds. All-Linen Toweling for $1
12 yds. All Linen Glass Cloth for $1.
15 yds Flannelette for $1.
Heavy Dress Serges, Double Width, 25c. a yard.
Fine French Dress Serges, Double Width, 25c. a yard.
Dress Lining, 8½c. a yard.
Ladies' Black Cotton Hose, 15c. a pair.
Children's Black Cotton Hose, 10c. a pair.
Children's Handkerchief's, 25c. a dozen.
White and Embroideries, 5 and 6 inches wide, 12½c. a yard.
White Stripe Muslins, 10c. a yard. Best value in the market
White Quilts, 90c. each.
Lace Curtains, 50c. a pair
Samples of Carpets, 50 per cent. below wholesale prices.
Just received 2 Cases of Corsets to sell at 50c a pair, worth 60c.

J. Horner & Co.
83 Douglas Street

Do You Keep Hens?

STURTEVANT'S IMPERIAL EGG FOOD
Will Make Your Hens Lay.

STURTEVANT'S ROUP PILLS,

F. C. Sturtevant, Hartford, Conn.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A reliable monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the system, producing free, healthy and natural periods. No action of purge or gripe. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no other. Over 1000 testimonials. Sold by druggists everywhere. Buy of your druggist only those with the signature and face of inventor, Jerome Kalmon, Kalmon pamphlet mailed to women. $1.00 per box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich.

GROCERIES.

New Goods

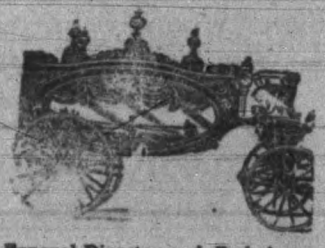
GOLDEN FINNAN HADDIES
Direct from Digby, Nova Scotia.

R. H. JAMESON,
Red Front Store, 38 Fort St.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR
For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.
Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)



Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

FUEL.

To The Public.

Having purchased from Mr. S. F. McIntosh his coal and wood business, I am prepared to deliver to any part of the city.

No. 1 Dry Cordwood $3-50 per cord.
Best Wellington Coal at $7 per ton.

Terms, Spot Cash. Prompt and careful delivery. Full weight and measure guaranteed.

The above will be carried on in connection with my present business at the Rock Bay Lumber Yard, which will be known in future as the ROCK BAY COAL, WOOD AND LUMBER YARD.

Soliciting a share of your esteemed patronage, I remain, yours faithfully,
EWEN MORRISON.

Office and yard, end of Rock Bay Bridge. Mills, Sidney, B.C.
Telephone 502. nov6-tf

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Book Binder, Paper Ruler, & Manufacturing Stationer
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GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 20 YEARS' TEST. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by excesses in youth. Six packages are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00, six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by Rosser Medicine Co., Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by all by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria B.C. aug8

EDUCATIONAL.

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PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.
(oct3 s.m.(2w 17)

REOPENING MONDAY, JANUARY 7TH.

THE STATE OF OUR SEWERS

Sanitary Officer Conlin Presents Two Important Reports to the Council.

Fire Department Loan By-Law—Tenders Opened—Conversion By-Law.

The regular weekly meeting of the city council was held last evening, having been deferred from the previous night. All of the members of the council were present, and Mayor Teague presided.

G. Jeeves wrote saying that he understood that the lights at the corner of Second street and King's road were to be removed and writing on behalf of about two hundred residents and ratepayers asked that they be left where they were.

Speaking to a motion to refer to the electric light committee, Ald. Williams said that he desired publicity given to the fact that the placing of the new lights had been arranged by the last council.

Ald. Humphrey said that he believed the committee could make any change they desired. The letter was referred to the electric light committee.

Sanitary Officer Conlin presented the following report on the Johnson street ravine:

"Having received instructions from your honorable body at your last regular meeting to report in writing on the condition of the Johnson street sewer, I beg leave to submit the following:

"On Wednesday, the 19th, I started at the outlet at the harbor and waded through water and filth as far as the east side of Douglas street, the spot where the nuisance commences. The box drains from Pandora, Amelia, Quadra and Farquhar streets all empty into the ravine under Douglas street, and I am sorry to say that the sewerage matter from a number of houses along the lines of the above named box drains are discharging into the same, which is a serious matter considering the fact that many of the drains are nearly rotted out. The ravine on the east side of Douglas street as far as Blanchard, where it has been connected with Johnson street sewer, is in fairly good order, the property owners in many cases having put in box drains at their own expense and filled up the ravine or planked it over with two inch plank and a coating of tar. If the drain from Blanchard street to Douglas was flushed, say once a month, I think there would be no complaint from that section of the city.

"From Douglas west to the harbor, a distance of about fifteen hundred feet, the ravine has been made the dumping ground by the owners and tenants of land abutting on same of all kinds of rubbish, dead cats, dogs, manure, vegetable matter, rotten fish, old clothes, and everything or anything that would tend to pollute the stream. This ravine is, in my opinion, the most dangerous nuisance that could possibly exist in any city, and threatens the health of the whole community. You will remember that during the smallpox epidemic most of the cases came from houses in this vicinity. I have endeavored during the last summer to abate as far as in my power this evil. I was able to compel all the owners of property on Cormorant street to connect with the sewer with the exception of two cases, Mr. Carey and Mr. Bossi, who made the excuse that the sewer was not deep enough. The sewerage from their buildings still runs into the ravine. Your sewerage committee has the matter in hand, and I trust it will soon be settled.

"I was also instrumental in compelling the property owners above Douglas street, who had sewerage matter emptying into the ravine to conect with the Yates street sewer. Mr. Wilson, the street superintendent, has also assisted me by furnishing men to clean and flush it out, and it is now costing the city about $75 per year for cleaning the same.

"Every city council for the last fourteen or fifteen years has had its attention directed to this dangerous nuisance. If you can devise some means of getting rid of this eyesore you will, I am sure, receive the everlasting gratitude of the whole of the population of this city. I have consulted Dr. Duncan, the city health officer, in regard to the ravine many times last summer, and he will bear me out in my statements, as can also several members of the police force who have had occasion to go with me as witnesses when charges were made against many of the tenants of property along the ravine under the health by-law. I would respectfully call your attention to the amendments to the municipal act of 1894, sub-section (108e) of section 22, which says the council may by resolution or by-law declare any drain, ditch or water course upon any private land a nuisance and dangerous to the public health, and may order the same to be filled up or otherwise dealt with as the council may decide and charged against the property where the nuisance existed, and payment of the costs of removal of same may be enforced in any court of competent jurisdiction.

"Awaiting further instructions in the matter, I have the honor to remain your obedient servant,

"M. J. CONLIN,
"Sanitary Inspector."

Ald. McMillan said that he fully concurred with what the sanitary officer stated and said he believed the council should not treat the matter in a dilly-dallying way but with a firm hand. There were several points in the case which would have to be investigated. He moved that the whole subject with the former resolution of the council be referred to the city barristers in order to ascertain the power of the city. The motion was agreed to.

Sanitary Officer presented another report, which was referred to the sewerage committee. It was as follows:

Having received instructions from your honorable body to report on the drains in the James Bay district and as to the cause and extent of nuisance from same, I beg leave to report as follows: The cause is the same old complaint. People have been allowed to connect their water closets with the box drains and now the drains are nearly rotted out and blocking up very often or falling in, the consequence being a terrible stench in that neighborhood. Another serious matter is the fact that the catch basins all over the city on the line of the surface drains have not been trapped to prevent the smell from arising. This has been the cause of several complaints during the past summer and will be worse that the sewerage matter from the box drains stopping up the grating and preventing the natural flow of water. They should be cleaned out at least once a month.

I would respectfully recommend that a clause be inserted in the health by-law making it an offense punishable with a heavy fine for any person to connect a water closet with a wooden drain.

The drains on the following streets I have reported to Mr. Wilmot very often last summer and had repaired, but only temporarily, as they are too far gone to be repaired properly. There is a box drain running down Niagara from the park as far as Croft street. About two hundred feet of it is an open drain as far as Croft street. From Boyd to San Juan avenue is a box drain which is completely rotten and impossible to keep in order without a new drain. Randall street drain from Niagara to Simcoe street is also bad. Henry street drain also wants attending to. The outlet of the surface drain in Victoria West now discharges on Catherine street close to a number of private residences and has been the cause of several complaints from that neighborhood during the past summer. If the pipe was continued 30 or 40 feet down the bank to salt water it would abate the nuisance. I reported the matter to Mr. Wilmot last summer but so far nothing has been done. I may also state that Mr. Wilson, the street superintendent rendered me every assistance that lay in his power. Any complains I made to him about any particular nuisance on the line of the drains was attended to at once. He is also familiar with the condition of the box drains all over the city.

The box drain running down Pandora from Quadra to Douglas is caving in in many places and needs repairing, there being several complaints about same.

The box drain on Toronto street running from Menzies to Carr street and down Princes to Michigan to the end of the surface drain are all completely rotten and impossible to repair. Carr street drain is not bad, being part open and part box drain. Avelon road drain will pass. Simcoe street drain from the park to Carr street is very bad, water running over the sidewalk from a break in it. It is also completely rotten. Oswego street from Superior to Michigan has open drain which should be looked after. There should also be gratings put on the catch basins on Dallas road, which should be attended to at once. There is also a 12x20 inch box drain down Douglas street emptying into a 12 by 8 inch drain on Humboldt street, both completely rotten, the water now running over Humboldt street from same. The outlet of the surface drain at San Juan avenue has been destroyed by the elements, the cement covering washed away and about fourteen pipes destroyed. This should be attended to before the summer as it will create a nuisance on the sandy beach where the children go to play.

Trusting this report will give you the necessary information I have the honor to remain your obedient servant,

M. J. CONLIN,
Sanitary Inspector

Thomas Shotbolt wrote on behalf of John Hayden applying for admission for him to the Old Men's Home. Referred to the Old Men's Home committee.

Caretaker Sutherland reported that W. Bell, an inmate of the Old Men's Home, had declined to perform a slight task assigned to him, in direct violation of the rules. The Old Men's Home committee will investigate and if the charge prove true Bell will very likely be expelled.

Tenders for the water meters were opened as follows: Spratt & Gray, The Northwest Supply Company, W. A. Godson, Albion Iron Works. The figures were varied and will require expert examination.

The tenders were refered to the water committee to examine and report to the council.

The bicycle tenders were also opened. The tenderers were J. Barnsley & Co., W. A. Carter, M. W. Waitt & Co., Odions & Plimbly and C. A. Godson. Ald. McLellan moved to refer to the water committee and Ald. McMillan, who seconded the motion, said he had ridden a wheel himself and advised that they buy a heavy wheel in preference to a light one.

Ald. Cameron was not so sure that it was a wise expenditure to buy a bicycle Why not make the collector buy his own wheel?

Ald. Williams assured that alderman that the water committee would carefully consider the matter.

Ald. McMillan said that a private corporation found it profitable to buy a bicycle for its collector and believed the city would do likewise.

R. W. Pease wrote re the widening of Cadboro Bay road and suggesting that the city engineer map a survey and report in detail on all the encroachments on the street and also report on all of the dedications made on the street. The request was by motion acceded to.

The finance committee reported recommending the appropriation of $218.72 for general expenses out of general revenue $3378 out of general revenue for school purposes, and $5294.50 out of the water works loan fund. The reports were all adopted.

The electric light committee reported recommending the payment of 25 per cent. of the account to the William Hamilton Manufacturing company.

Ald. McMillan asked if the council paid this portion what amount would still remain unpaid.

The mayor replied that there would be still 25 per cent.

Ald. McMillan wanted to know if the council regarded that as a sufficient amount to insure the council in the event of anything proving unsatisfactory.

Ald. Williams believed they were making the best of what he regarded a bad job as the time the company had to retain the plant was too short and Ald. Wilson said that he had been told by the city barristers that they could do nothing else.

The report was adopted without further discussion.

The fire wardens reported recommending that a new horse be purchased for the fire department and that the one at present in use be bought for $175.

Ald. Hall thought the price rather high and Ald. McMillan wanted to know why they did not call for tenders for a horse.

After some discussion it was decided to buy a horse, but by tender.

The sewerage committee presented the following report:

Your sewerage committee having investigated the matter referred to in communications of the 11th instant and October 23, 1893, from Drake, Jackson & Helmcken, representing Mr. Carlo Bossi, beg leave to report as follows: "The contention of Mr. Bossi is that his basement floor being lower than the sewer on Cormorant street, the sewer should be lowered at the expense of the city to enable him to connect a water closet with the sewer from that level. This contention is sought to be sustained on behalf of Mr. Bossi by a statement in the communications above referred to, to the effect that the sewerage commissioners recommend such a course and that thirteen cellars "on the east side of Cormorant street" are below the sewer level, your committee submit that as the sewerage commissioners were appointed to act only in connection with expenditures by this council of moneys borrowed under by-law No. 227 and that they have not been authorized by this council to take any action re Cormorant street sewer, that therefore their recommendation is entirely irrelevant to this question. From the fact that Cormorant street runs east and west your committee have not been able to find such a place as the "east side of Cormorant street" which must necessarily be, in our opinion the first step towards locating the thirteen houses indicated, but we are informed by the city engineer that nearly all the properties on the same side of Cormorant street as Mr. Bossi's have been or are about to be connected with the sewer at its present level. Mr. Carey, whose property adjoins that of Mr. Bossi on the same side of the street, makes the same contention with reference to his property as is made by Mr. Bossi. After careful investigation we are convinced that the lowering of the present sewer to the level required is impracticable as it would incur too much risk of stoppage at that point. We are informed by Mr. Wilmot that the most feasible way to drain these premises and more particularly Mr. Carey's, is to put in a separate sewer which would necessarily be on a flatter grade than the main existing sewers. The approximate cost of this work could be less than $500 cost of this work would be less than five hundred dollars.

Your committee therefore do not recommend any change in the present sewer on Cormorant. But that if Messrs. Bossi and Carey will agree to proceed at once with the work at their own expense they be given permission to put down a new sewer for the distance and to the level they require and in the event of their not agreeing to do so before the 15th day of March next the sanitary officer be instructed to take action to compel the parties interested to connect with the present sewer. Respectfully submitted.

Ald. Bragg said he regarded it rather hard on the property owners and was inclined to blame the engineer.

Ald. Cameron said the sewers were of unusual depth. Messrs. Carey and Bossi had not objected when the sewers were put in, the sewers were of the usual depth, and he regarded it as unfair to ask the city to go to an expense of $400 or $500.

Ald. McMillan said that Mr. Carey wanted to do the unusual thing of running the drain pipes under the floor of the basement, which would make it twenty feet below the level of the street. He supported what Ald. Cameron said and held that it would be most unfair to expect the city to lower the main sewer or build a new sewer.

The report was received and adopted.

The streets committee reported saying that the contract for constructing sidewalks for a year had been awarded to Wilson Noble, recommended that Trounce avenue be cleaned up by the city providing the merchants agree to deposit no office sweepings in the street, and recommending that Elford & Smith be given permission to use a portion of government street and to close a part of Warf street providing a six foot fence be erected on the outside of the sidewalk on Government street, and that a four foot sidewalk be built outside of that.

There was a long discussion on the adoption of the report as to the responsibility of the city as to the closing of Wharf street, and it was finally decided to require Elford & Smith to obtain permission from the property owners to close Wharf street and also to make them restore any sidewalks destroyed.

Ald. Fartridge's motion, asking for leave to introduce a by-law to borrow $18,850 for fire department purposes, was then taken up. He said he was simply redeeming a pledge made to the electors during the recent campaign. Victoria West and the eastern portion of the city were entirely without fire protection. Of the total sum named it was proposed to spend $4600 in Victoria West $5750 in the eastern portion of the city $8000 in the central part of the city, and $500 in James Bay. It was proposed to fix up the Deluge engine house and rent it and he believed the loan would not cost the city a dollar and later he hoped the sinking fund would be partially met.

Ald. McMillan said he heartily seconded the motion. The eastern and Victoria West districts should certainly get fire protection. He was opposed to borrowing money on the credit of the city, but on the contrary he thought the expenditures should be kept within the revenue. He believed they should not trench upon the revenue without placing some such asset as this opposite to the expenditure.

The desired leave was granted by a unanimous vote.

The sewerage emendment by-law was reconsidered, adopted and finally passed.

It was decided to refuse to give Mrs. McDonald more than $20 for the work done by her husband.

There was some discussion as to the removal of fences on Craigflower road, the general state of sidewalks, and the time that the filter bed plans would be returned but nothing definite was done.

The council adjourned to meet to-night to take up the fire department loan by-law and the by-law of Ald. Bragg to convert the crematory fund for fire department purposes.

BUTTER AND CHEESE.

American Cheese and Butter Makers in Convention.

Rockford, Ill., Feb. 26.—There was a fair attendance of delegates at the opening this morning of the annual convention of the National Butter and Cheese Makers' Association. The morning was given over to addresses of welcome and the work of the organization and other preliminaries. The report of Secretary Burridge shows that the association has made considerable progress in all directions during the past year. To-morrow addresses on topics relating to the work of butter and cheese making will be delivered by President S. E. Allen and Professor T. L. Haecker. The convention will be in session until Friday.

LUMBERMEN'S CONVENTION.

To Consider Subjects Affecting Their Interests in Illinois.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 26.—The Illinois Lumber Dealers' Association are holding their annual meeting at the Grand Pacific Hotel to-day. There is a fair attendance of delegates from all parts of the state. The day was devoted to routine work and to-morrow the convention will consider a number of subjects affecting the interests of the lumber men of Illinois.

When so many people are taking and deriving benefit from Hood's Sarsaparilla, why don't you try it yourself? It is highly recommended.

Chew
Tuckett's
T&B
"Mahogany" and "Black"
Chewing Tobacco
Manufactured by
The Geo. E. Tuckett & Son Co., Ltd.,
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WANTED HELP! Men or Women in every locality (local or traveling) to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked upon trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment. Commission or salary $65.00 per month and expenses, and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars, write World Medical Electric Co., London, Ont., Can.

RUPTURE
More CURES have been effected by my Truss, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents to overcome DEFORMITY. Illustrated book free.
CHARLES CLUTHE,
194 King St. W., Toronto.
Agents: Langley & Co., Druggists, Victoria, B. C.

N.B. TRADE MARK THE VARNISHED BOARD ON WHICH THE GOODS ARE WRAPPED.—

Ladies Costumes

Ladies have a great deal of trouble in selecting dress goods. The variety is great. The quality is various and the merit claimed is sometimes more than the possession. When ladies are desirous of obtaining the finest grade of Black Dress Goods, they should ask to see Priestley's dress fabrics. These, as is well known, are the *ne plus ultra* of durability, beauty and delicacy of texture. They have long been the favorite dress goods of well dressed Englishwomen. The Americans prefer them to French goods. Canadian ladies can obtain them from reliable dealers. Ladies should always ask for Priestley's Dress Goods.

PRIESTLEY'S BLACK DRESS MATERIALS

See that the goods you buy are stamped EVERY FIVE YARDS WITH PRIESTLEY'S NAME.
No others are of their manufacture.

For Rich Beef Flavor and the feeding qualities of Beef

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF

IS PRE-EMINENT

It is the embodiment of all that is nourishing in the choicest Beef, so treated that the life principle of the Beef can be digested with ease by the most debilitated stomach. A perfect food in its constituents and digestibility.

ELECTION CARDS.

To the Electors of Victoria District

I beg leave to announce that I am a candidate for election to the House of Commons at the next general election.

A. DeCOSMOS.

Victoria, B.C., February 26, 1895.

MUNICIPAL.

NOTICE.

Douglas Street, from Pembroke Street to King's Road, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.
oc8-tf

Tenders for Fire Hose.

Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday the 11th day of March next, at 12 o'clock m., for 1,000 ft. cotton fabric hose, rubber lined, 2 1-2 in. in diameter, 3-ply, guaranteed pressure of 350 pounds per square inch, guaranteed for five years against defects in manufacture, coupled, complete with corporation threads.

Sample of hose and couplings to be submitted with tender.

Hose to be delivered free of freight and duty in Victoria.

Payment therefor not to take place before the 2nd day of December, 1895.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.
Victoria, B. C., February 12th, 1895.

FOOD FOR THE HUNGRY.

The undersigned desires to call the attention of parties interested to the fact that temporary provision has been made for the relief of those in the city who are suffering from lack of necessary food.

The services of the officers of the Salvation Army, which have kindly been offered free of charge, have been accepted, and arrangements made for the operation of a "Food Depot" in a room at the rear of the Salvation Army Barracks, Broad street.

The depot will be in running order on and after Tuesday the 29th instant.

Breakfast may be had from 9 to 11 a.m., and supper from 4 to 6 p.m., and will be served to those holding tickets which may be procured at the barracks for a nominal sum, or, in absolutely destitute cases, free.

Parties wishing to assist the movement may provide those whom they believe to be needy with tickets or may send in supplies to the depot at any time during the day.

The undersigned would commend the depot to all charitably disposed persons as an object most worthy of their practical support.

JOHN TEAGUE,
Mayor.
Victoria, B. C., Jan. 29, 1895.

TENDERS.

Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday next, the 4th day of March, proximo, for the work of placing the line shaft in connection with the new electric light plant in position in accordance with specification which may be seen at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
Victoria, B. C., Feb. 25th, 1895.

Maternity Home
(LATE SAMARITAN.)
Removed to 199 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Fiemerfelt, Gorge Road.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Orders for changes in the reading of advertisements must be handed in to the Times office before 10 a.m. to insure insertion the same day. New advertisements, displayed, will be received up to 2 p.m. and small ads. until 4 p.m. Merchants and other patrons will aid us a great deal by observing these rules, as the work of re-setting requires time and care, and cannot be done satisfactorily when the paper is being prepared for press.

CONTINUAL ADVERTISING IS THE ....PRICE OF BUSINESS SUCCESS....

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Bell & Co., Fort street, grocers, Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., and the company of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 5525, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Forester's Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fernwood streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
LOFTUS BROWN, Secretary.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN
society meets in Temperance Hall, Blanchard street, on the first Friday of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
E. G. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 139.

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AUCTIONEERS,
House, Land and Commission Agents. Account sales promptly settled. Cash advanced on goods for absolute sale.
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W. T. HARDAKER,
AUCTIONEER.
Having leased the theatre and other premises adjoining my Auction Rooms, which gives me by far the largest and best appointed Auction Rooms in the city, I am prepared to handle Real Estate, Live Stock, Furniture and any saleable article to the best advantage. Liberal advances on consignments. Household goods, etc., bought outright for spot cash. Goods stored. All business strictly confidential.
77, 79, 81 Douglas St.

JEWELERS, ETC.

Nickle Alarm Clocks, 90c.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

Accurately adjusted.
F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street.
VICTORIA, B. C.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A girl for general work. Apply Balmoral Hotel. f26-3t

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros. Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Oregon. feb2-m s wkly3m

MISCELLANEOUS

TO RENT—A full ten-roomed house with all modern conveniences; stable and three acres of ground; on Gorge road; cheap. Apply to J. St. Clair Blackett, 74 Yates street. f26-1f

HOW TO ACQUIRE A HOME—Join the Dominion Building & Loan Association and they will help you to buy or build one. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

OKELL & MORRIS are selling 2-lb glass jars of Pure Strawberry Jam for 35c. See your grocer.

ASK YOUR GROCER for 2-lb glass jar of Pure Raspberry Jam put up by Okell & Morris. Only 35c.

CHEAPEST AND BEST JAM in the city is Okell & Morris' 2-lb glass jar for 35c.

OKELL & MORRIS' Jam once tasted will be always eaten.

OKELL & MORRIS hold ten diplomas and two gold medals for purity and excellence of jams.

DELICIOUS HOME MADE BREAD delivered fresh daily; by Domestic Bakery, 59 Broad street. d31-3m

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—The furnishings of eight rooms of a well appointed 15-roomed private board and lodging house as they stand. The house, with four rooms occupied, is to be let on lease. Pleasant locality in desirable residential part of city. Rent cheap. Apply by letter to Drawer 26, Postoffice, Victoria. f23 16t

FOR SALE—Hotel and nearly three acres of land at Saanichton. Victoria & Sidney railway station adjoins the lot. Well constructed building. Apply to A. Mackenzie, Saanichton, B.C. feb12 1m

FOR SALE—Extra fine canary birds at reasonable prices from P. Lange, 86 Douglas street. f11-2m

TO LET.

TO RENT—The Prince of Wales Saloon at corner of Government and Cormorant St. Apply to Pemberton & Son. f26-6t

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;

At No. 26 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city per week.....25 cts
By mail to any part of the world, per year.....$10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.

NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1.50.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25c. a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address—

THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

The Daily Times.

EMULATING TUPPER.

In a speech at Dundas, Ont., the Hon. J. C. Patterson, minister of militia, drew the long bow about as energetically as Tupper the elder was wont to do in his palmiest days. For example, he said: "When our opponents were in power they taxed those articles. They had a tax on sugar, and tea, and rice, and coffee, which we have free to-day. If we had a tax on these articles to-day we would have a surplus of seven million dollars in our treasury. But we have wiped out that tax and the people have the money instead." Everybody knows that rice is not free to any importer, that sugar is free to the refiner only, and that tea and coffee are free only when they are imported from the place of growth. If Foster's last "tariff reform" proposals had been adopted, as they were submitted tea and coffee importers would even have been deprived of the privilege of bringing their goods through London in bond. A cabinet minister prevaricating thus boldly on the stump is not an edifying spectacle. Sir Charles bears the appropriate title of the "Great Stretcher," perhaps Mr. Patterson would feel flattered if he were dubbed the "Little Stretcher."

IDEAL ARGUMENTS.

As an attraction to snare votes the National Policy has been abandoned by its promoters and the following lofty and intelligent arguments substituted:—

"Vote for Guillet and get a railway." Conservative placard in Cobourg during the West Northumberland bye-election in 1892.

"The county of Pontiac cannot reasonably expect favors from a government if it arrays itself in opposition." John Bryson, Conservative candidate in Pontiac bye-election in 1892.

"We do not propose to deceive the people, nor to hold out to them false hopes. Our success just now depends upon sending to Ottawa a representative friendly to the Government, so that the charter for the new road may be extended and the additional subsidy granted, which will in all human probability secure its construction." Cobourg Sentinel-Star, Conservative, in support of Guillet in the West Northumberland bye-election in 1892.

"It is useless to mince matters, but it is only from the Conservative party that the people of Moncton can look to with any degree of expectancy that money will be taken out of the revenue of the country to be spent to the advantage of the county." Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper at Moncton in 1894.

"I think it is quite time for the people of this county to demand a radical change in their representatives. Then we would have good reasons to believe we would get the consideration from the government to which we are justly entitled, and which our needs require." J. C. Forbes, Conservative candidate, to the electors of Guysboro, 1894.

"We cannot do everything at once, but as regards the principles upon which these appropriations were made, I would answer that the government follows the same rule that determines the actions of individuals. If any of you had a legacy left to divide among the people you would most naturally begin with your friends." Hon. J. A. Ouimet to the electors of Guysboro, 1894.

"Let the people of Goderich ask themselves whether Mr. Patterson or Mr Cameron is most likely to secure the extensive and permanent improvements desired at this port." Goderich Star, Conservative, in West Huron bye-election, 1892.

"The town of Welland does want favors; it wants a new postoffice; and it wants a new canal bridge on a line with Main street, which it may have good hopes of securing if the county sends to Ottawa a government representative. Niagara Falls wants improved postoffice regulations; and nearly every municipality in the county is wishing for improvements within the jurisdiction of the Dominion government. In the face of these facts it is hardly likely the people will be so foolish and short sighted as to elect an opposition representative." Welland Telegraph, Conservative, in Welland bye-election of 1892.

"No elector who supported Mr. Fairbairn before has any reasonable grounds to withdraw that support from him now because a subsidy was not granted last session. Mr. Fairbairn has the assurance of the premier that the road will be one of the very first to receive a subsidy." Hon. John Costigan in the South Victoria bye-election in 1892.

"The Pontypool and Bobcaygeon railway has not been forgotten; in fact the parties were distinctly told last session that it should be one of the first railways to receive favorable consideration." Sir Mackenzie Bowell to the electors of North Victoria at the 1892 bye-election.

If the leading lights in either of the great British political parties should fall so low as to appeal to Britishers from such a scandalous standpoint they would be ostracised forever.

CONFLICTING EXPRESSIONS.

"There is not the slightest reason to suppose that the Dominion government will not deal as liberally with the British Pacific as with any other colonization road, whenever the time comes for an application to be made to them on behalf of the company."—Col. Prior, M.P., at the Conservative meeting, Victoria, Feb. 26th.

"There is not a man, woman or child in Canada who is seriously thinking of any such scheme. It is very easy to get a charter for a railway in Canada, but it is practically impossible to get a subsidy, as the government has shut down on all subsidies."—Sir W. C. Van Horne, Jan. 29th.

Col. Prior is a part of the rolling stock of the Dominion government, but the Dominion government is a part of the rolling stock of the C. P. R.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

With regard to the long-service medal for the volunteers, the concession to the British force has awakened some jealousy in Canada, says the Glasgow Herald, and official representations on the subject have reached the colonial office. Under the regulations the new medal was intended to be available to Canadians, who, however, are held to be excluded by the fact that they receive pay. This is believed to be a debatable point, the fixed remuneration received by the rural militia, and the sum per drill paid to the force in the urban districts, being considered by the recipients as only a refund of out-of-pocket expenses.

Free trade Great Britain—as its poor and homeless, we are told by protectionist organs. What about the protected United States? Rev. John B. Wilson of New York said in a sermon recently: "There are one hundred thousand men hungry, ill clad, and shelterless, walking the streets of New York every night. They are not tramps or criminals and should not be treated as such. They are willing to work, but cannot find anything to do." Protectionists in the U. S. and Canada have been foolish enough to assert confidently that their favorite fiscal system was sure to provide every person with work at good wages. In both countries the course of events has shown them to be either reckless falsifiers or fat-witted blunderers.

The Globe having said: "If an industry in need of protection cannot be discovered perhaps the policy men can give an instance of one developed and made mature by protection," the Hamilton Times thus rejoins: "As it is not likely that the N. P. organs will rise to respond to this reasonable request the Times suggests that the sewing machine industries of Hamilton, once so important to the city and province, the product of which used to go to all parts of the world, might fill the bill. Under the N. P. those factories became so "matured" that not a single machine is now made in the city. And if this illustration is not satisfactory enough we might instance the Dundas cotton mill. And by the way, the insolvent Hamilton Bridge Works, one of the N. P. boasts, which cost $135,000 and which were recently valued by an expert at $80,000 were sold yesterday for $49,000. The Spectator in recording the sale says: 'The creditors will probably receive a fair dividend, but the shareholders will not get anything.' Any more needed?"

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

MR. DAVIE'S SUCCESSOR.

Mr. Pooley Considering an Offer—Signs of a Political Smash.

The retirement of the Hon. Mr. Davie from the premiership will leave the government party headless disorganized and dissatisfied. It is known that Mr. Davie has advised the Lieutenant-Governor to send for Mr. Pooley president of the council, and that that gentleman is at the present moment considering the question of forming a cabinet. Mr. Pooley is solicitor for the E. & N. railway company and C. P. R. company, from which sources he derives an income considerably in excess of the salary attached to the office of premier. Should he accept the leadership of a government these positions would have to be relinquished as the duties of a solicitor for private corporations would be incompatible with those of the public whose servant the premier is. Several caucuses were held last week by the government supporters in the city and another took place this afternoon, when it was expected Mr. Pooley would have arrived at a decision although it is not improbable that he may take a few days longer.

In the event of Mr. Pooley declining, Mr. Turner is looked upon as the coming man. Mr. Speaker Higgins is also mentioned as an aspirant for the post. Outside of these three names no other is spoken of. Mr. Rithet is the real leader of the government party and it matters very little who may be the premier, the senior member for Victoria will be the power behind the throne. Should Mr. Pooley become premier, Mr. Eberts cannot be made attorney-general, and it is an open secret that the representative of South Victoria district is hot in the chase for that portfolio.

From an opposition standpoint it matters very little who is Mr. Davie's successor. Neither of the gentlemen named possesses the qualities of a leader and a government under either would be weak and unstable. Some weight will be given to the uncertainties of an election, and a contest will not be unnecessarily invited in Esquimalt district so soon after the general election, where promises were made that have not been fulfilled. For this reason Mr. Turner may stand a better chance than his rivals as in his case it would only be a shuffle of portfolios and an election would not be necessary. There is a widespread feeling that the government has entered upon dangerous ground and that at best its life will not be a long one. There are signs of discord and disintegration, and there is no master hand to hold the warring factions together.

A Tobacco Company's Generosity.

The George E. Tuckett & Sons Tobacco company, limited, of Hamilton, nine years ago instituted the commendable idea of presenting a deed of a building lot each Christmas to their oldest employee. This year it was the good fortune of Mr. Thomas Milligan to succeed to the firm's generosity, he having been with them for 21 years. In addition to the lot he received a substantial cheque from the same source. The whole staff of the concern also came in for a gift, the day hands receiving an extra week's pay and the piece hands a good sized turkey. Some time ago the Messrs. Tuckett turned their factory into a joint stock company, admitting many of the more important employees into partnership, and this additional evidence of a desire to share with their men the prosperity of the house cannot help but bear fruit in increased energy and good will among all who are fortunate enough to be connected with this enterprising concern.

WOMEN ARE MASONS.

A Mixed Lodge Firmly Established in Paris.

The story about the life of an Oakland, Cal., woman who claims to be a duly initiated Mason is recalled by an interesting letter from Paris published in the Chicago Tribune in which it is flatly stated that there are now in France nearly two score women Masons.

It was in France, by the way, that Oakland's woman Mason was inducted into the mysteries of apron and trowel and the other things kept in the property room of a well appointed lodge.

The advent of the new Masons is worthy of note, for many attempts have been made in America to establish lodges for women; none have succeeded. A woman Mason is not unheard of in the history of the craft. As is more or less know, there was a case, years ago, of an Irish woman, who hid inside a Dutch clock, overheard the secrets of the lodge, and the brothers present solved the dilemma in which they found themselves by admitting the inquisitive young woman into their fold. But it remained for the "go-ahead" women of this latter century, those women who are clamoring for their rights and prerogatives, to make the woman Freemason an accomplished fact and not a "freak" as was the Irish young lady.

The lodge that exists at the present day in Paris, and to which reference is made, is known as a "mixed lodge" and receives both men and women in exactly the same manner.

To obtain an absolutely correct idea of what the mixed lodge was, the Tribune's correspondent called upon its venerable master, an ex-senator, and also upon the secretary of the lodge, a woman Freemason. Ex-Senator Dr. Georges Martin, an old and prominent French Mason, chief of the mixed lodge of Freemasons, when interviewed by your correspondent on the subject of women Freemasons, said: "Women Freemasons exist and I am infavor of the franchemaconas. I feel convinced that before many years they will be very numerous, and when one takes into account the progress made by women in the revindication of their rights during the past few years. In no distant time they will be looked upon with no more curiosity than are women who vote in America and England. Our mixed lodge has been in operation for the last twenty months, yet we are doing good work and our numbers are increasing steadily.

"A little over a hundred years ago there existed in France a masculine and feminine Masonry. It is to-day a notorious fact that at the time very little philosophical recreation took place among the women, who, it be said in their favor, distinguished themselves by many a philanthropical action. In the course of a few years they introduced a little music, singing and even dancing into their meetings. These lodges were continued with indifferent success until about 1848 or 1850, when they disappeared altogether. In 1873 there was an attempt at reviving them, but it failed, so that since, over twenty years, female lodges are entirely a thing of the past. It should be borne in mind that I I have been talking of lodges for women only, and not about lodges for both men and women—'mixed lodges,' as we term them.

"The great champion of woman's rights of her time, the late Mme. Maria Deraimes, was of the opinion that there should be women Masons exactly as there are men Masons. According to her, they ought to have the same ritual, the same privileges and advantages as men. I encouraged her in this idea, and a lodge of Freemasons, known as the 'Les Libres Penseurs du Pecq,' received Mme. Maria Deraimes among them and initiated her into all the ritual and formalities of Freemasonry. We gave a banquet after the meeting in question. Mme Maria Deraimes made a speech, which had a great success and created an enormous sensation in Freemasonry circles all over the world.

"Such conduct on the part of our lodge naturally did not meet with the approval of the Grand Orient of France, and we were placed 'en sommeil.' After six months the 'Freethinkers of le Pecq' were no longer in existence. But the idea of having women Masons was not abandoned by any means, and nearly two years ago we founded the 'mixed lodge' for men and women, which is progressing most favorably. Similar lodges for men and women are not plentiful, in fact, I believe that there is only one other in Europe that works on lines exactly similar to our own; that one is in Roumania at Bucharest."

The correspondent called on Mme. Maria Martin, secretary of the mixed lodge of Masons, who, although bearing the same name as the ex-senator, is no relative of his. The woman Freemason corroborated all the doctor had said, and added that the wife of ex-Senator Martin was also a Mason and had been received into an important lodge of men Masons, had attended one of the regular meetings, and had even been permitted to address the brothers present. This was a sort of recognition of the mixed lodge which the woman Freemason is convinced will be fully recognized before long. The lodge that received the wife of ex-Senator Martin was "Cosmopolite de Vichy."

Mme Martin went on to say that the women masons knew how to keep the secrets of the craft as well as men, and perhaps better, for many of the secrets had become "secrets de polichinelle." Like the men, the women work for the consolidation of social peace. They affirm the right of life of the human being, without distinction of sex, race, nationality or religion. In all circumstances of life brothers and sisters must help and protect one another. "Our meetings are attended by brothers from all parts of the country, who, if they happen to belong to lodges that admit women, all approve of the good work we are doing. Before very long there will be any number of mixed lodges in France on the lines of ours."

There are twenty-five women Freemasons in the mixed lodge, and the number is gradually increasing, so that women Freemasons may no longer be considered a "freak," but absolutely exists in bodily substance."

When so many people are taking and deriving benefit from Hood's Sarsaparilla, why don't you try it yourself? It is highly recommended.

AUCTION SALES

By H. CUTHBERT & CO'Y
The Well-Known Broad Street
AUCTIONEERS, VALUERS AND ASSESSORS.
Cash advanced. Furniture bought for Cash when an auction is not desired.
Offices, Salesrooms and Cattle Yard Broad Street, View Street and Trounce Ave.
Are instructed by a lady leaving the city to sell by

AUCTION

in their salesroom, on
MONDAY, MARCH 4th, 1895,
At 2 p.m., the whole of her valuable

Furniture and Effects,

comprising valuable pianoforte in black ebony case and in splendid tone, parlor suite in tapestry plush, very fine bed lounge in plush, single lounge, bamboo occasional table, pair figures, oil paintings and other pictures, several very fine carpets in velvet and Brussels, very handsome piano lamp and brass occasional table combined, lace curtains, three pair chenille curtains, carpet and oak rockers, glass and china, capital bookcase, handsome solid walnut hall stand, two oak bed sets, one maple bed set, five bed steads and wire and box mattresses, fine feather pillows, several pairs of excellent blankets, toilet services, very fine organ (11 stops, in perfect condition) hanging, standard and other lamps, extension table, walnut sideboard, cane chairs, oak high-back chairs, very fine Domestic sewing machine (in perfect order), skin rugs, capital No. 8 cook stove with hot water attachments, kitchen table, drop-leaf table, arm chairs, wringer, a large quantity of agate and other cooking requisites, oilcloth and linoleum, 100 jam jars, etc. Terms cash.
HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
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USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions.
Cracks between the Toes,
Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores,
Inflammation of all kinds,
Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions,
Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Hindes' hair curlers at Fox's.

—A good shave, 10c., 101 Douglas.

—Insure your plate glass at Mellor's.

—The Victoria gun club meets to-night.

—Annual meeting of the canoe club to-night.

—Meeting of the Y. M. C. A. football club to-night.

—The Sons of St. George give a smoker at their hall to-night.

—The Sons of St. George will hold a smoking concert to-morrow night.

—"No-To-Bac" cures the tobacco habit. Bowes' drug store, 27 Johnson street.

—Just received—Men's and boy's working shoes, 95 cents. Marks', 8 Store street.

—Japanese cloth, Japanese crepe, Japanese transparent window shades, at Weller Bros.

—The chorus rehearsal of "Il Trovatore" to-morrow evening will be for ladies' voices only.

—There will be a parlor social of the Y. W. C. T. U. at the residence of Mrs. D. Spencer, 12 Belleville street, to-night.

—St. James' parish meeting at St. James' hall to-night. The formal announcement of the appointment of the new rector will be made.

—At St. James' church there was service to-day at 11. The Litany was chanted and there was constution service. Every Friday evening during Lent services will be held at 7.15.

—Director Wickens, of the Euphonic Orchestral society, has handed to Mayor Teague $62.50, the proceeds of the concert held on Monday night. The gross takings were $120.50 and the expenses $58.

—The funeral of the late Mrs. Margaret Richardson Wilson took place on Tuesday afternoon, the Rev. Mr. Clay officiating. The pall bearers were: W. W. Northcott, R. S. Rendell, E. Dickinson, William McDonald, W. Lorimer and A. White.

—A good attendance was the order of the evening at the concert and social of Western Star lodge, A. O. U. W., last night. Paddy McFling was initiated into the secrets of the Ancient Order of Tinpanites. The musical programme as previously published was also rendered.

—The greatest facilities in the province offered at Monroe Miller's Bindery for Ruling, Blank Books, Pass Books, Receipt Books, etc. As they have not quite eighty per cent. of the whole private work of the province they have any amount of time on their hands to attend to the wants of their customers.

—A complimentary concert will be tendered Madame Laird at the Metropolitan Methodist church by her friends on Wednesday evening, March 6th. An attractive programme will be presented, to which the leading professionals will lend their aid in making this concert a substantial benefit. Madame Laird enjoys an enviable reputation in musical circles here, and has on more than one occasion lent her services to different benefits and charitable affairs. There should be a bumper house at the concert.

—Perseverance lodge, No. 1, I. O. G. T., held their regular weekly meeting in Temperance hall, Pandora street, last evening. After the business part of the meeting was through, as it was "pound night," there was a sale of parcels of fruit cake and confectionery, at which bidding was very lively, and the good things being quickly consumed by a lot of cheerful brothers and sisters a good time was had in general. The district lodge meets in Fernwood hall, Spring Ridge, on Monday next.

—Glasgow Herald: A bank dividend of a disappointing character was announced to-night, viz., that of the Bank of British North America. It had been known that business had been bad in the timber trade, and it is suspected that the bank has suffered from the financial crisis in Newfoundland. A year ago the bank paid a dividend of 40s. per share, making, with the interim dividend a distribution of 7 1-2 per cent. for the year 1893, being the same rate as had been paid regularly for the previous eight years. To-night the dividend announced is 20s. per share only, making with that paid in the autumn a distribution of 4 1-2 per cent. only for the past twelve months.

—Arrived—New wall papers. Mellor.

—Inexpensive room mouldings at Mellor's.

—Pratt's astral oil, $1.40 per can. Hazlett's cash grocery, 72 Fort street.

—The C. P. R. steamship Empress of Japan arrived at Hong Kong at 3.30 p. m. to-day.

—Chambers' Encyclopaedia—latest Edinburgh edition. Sample at Johnston's, Kirk block.

—Just received—Spring suits, very cheap, from $5.50 up. All the latest styles. Marks, 8 Store street.

—A meeting of the board of directors of Jubilee Hospital will be held to-morrow evening at the office of Yates & Jay.

—Gentlemen—To enjoy easy shaving, get an outfit at Fox's, 78 Government street. Instructions for using and stropping given.

—Louisa, a lady of Siwash extraction, was convicted of being drunk on the street after a hearing in the police court to-day and fined $5.

—The funeral of the late Mrs. Clark took place to-day at Saanich. A large number of the local corps of the Salvation army attended the funeral and were pallbearers.

—Men's macintoshes, with cape and sleeves, brown and grey check, lined, $10; grade of to-day, but the price is $5; only a few left. Cameron, the Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson.

—The lady promoters of the Apostleship of Prayer in connection with the St. Andrew's Roman Catholic Cathedral, are rapidly filling their lists with a large number of associate members.

—To-day is Ash Wednesday, the beginning of Lent. At St. Andrew's Roman Catholic Cathedral high mass was celebrated at nine. There was a large congregation. After mass the priest distributed the ashes.

—United States Consul General Roberts has received a letter from a Boston firm enquiring about guano deposits in British Columbia and the general has referred the letter to the agricultural department.

—The raffle of the gold watch for the benefit of the widow of the late Mr. McAra will shortly take place. Persons wishing a chance on a good watch and at the same time to do a philanthropic deed should get tickets at once.

—Mr. W. D. Close, the evangelist, will begin a series of lectures upon the Lord's coming and related subjects, on Monday night, March 4, at Gospel Hall, 42 Broad street. Christians are specially invited. All are welcome.

—The losses and insurance on the property destroyed by yesterday's fire are now given as follows: The Canadian Pacific Land and Mortgage Company are owners of the buildings, insurance, $4000 and loss on buildings, $700; on the electric light plant the loss was $10,000, and insurance $5000.

—There will be a special meeting of the city council this evening in the committee room at the city hall. The meeting is being held for the special purpose of going into Ald. Partridge's fire department loan by-law and Ald. Bragg's by-law for the conversion of the $10,000 crematory loan to the electric light fund.

—Phineas Manson is dead at the Jubilee Hospital. He has been sick for some time. Mr. Manson is an old-timer in Victoria, coming here in the fifties. For many years he was pilot on the Fraser river and was one of the first steamboat men in British Columbia. Mr. Manson's brother survives. He lives in Toronto and is well to do.

—A special service of song entitled "Home, Sweet Home," will be given in the Salvation Army barracks on Broad street to-morow evening. This musical drama is taken from a scene in the Army work in Liverpool. It is full of pathos and realistic. The meeting will begin at 8 p.m. and will be conducted by the adjutant, assisted by the Army band and several singers.

—A guessing contest will be a novel feature of the St. Andrew's Presbyterian church concert to-night. Mr. J. C. Brown, Mr. Floyd, Mr. Hood and Mr. Russell are the vocalists. Mr. Burnett will play a piano solo and Mr. Sharpe a violin solo. Mr. Egan will recite and there will also be singing by the Big Four and the Wee Four. The concert will be for the benefit of the Ladies' Aid of the church.

—John Morris, who has in past years done a thriving liquor business among the siwashes, was before Magistrate Macrae to-day, charged with supplying liquor to one Peter, who has a copper colored taste and had been in a similar position many a time before. John was convicted of supplying and fined $50 or three months with hard labor and Peter of being in possession and fined $25 or one month with hard labor.

—The conversazione which will take place at the Reformed Episcopal schoolroom to-morrow evening will include the good sight to all by twelve pretty children presented for the first time in Victoria. The musical portion of the programme will be a great treat to lovers of good music. Admission, including refreshments of tea, cake and sandwiches, 25 cents. The affair is being managed by Miss Rita McTavish, and she will no doubt show that she has very good executive ability.

—Mrs. F. Toms leaves in the morning for Ottawa with the body of her husband who died at Jubilee Hospital on Monday night. The body has been embalmed and will be interred at the capital. The greatest sympathy is felt for Mrs. Toms over the death of her husband, which came at a time after the strongest hopes had been entertained for his recovery. The fact that it occurred away from home and practically among strangers made it seem even worse. The trip east will be made over the C. P. R.

—The annual general meeting of the Victoria Canoe Club will be held this evening at the office of J. E. Crane & Co., 30 Broad street. The officers for the ensuing year will be elected and other business of importance attended to.

—The young men of the city will meet at Pioneer hall to-night (Wednesday) in response to a call signed by nearly 150, to organize a Young Men's Liberal club to work in the cause of the oppositionists in this campaign. Any who have signed the call and have not been notified are urged to come and bring their young friends with them. The club will number among its members the foremost young men of every class in the city and will prove a power in this coming election.

—George Valtz has been arrested upon complaint of Aaron Lewis, who charges him with brutally assaulting him. According to the story of the complainant Valtz called to collect a bill of $2, and being put off attacked Lewis, and being a larger man easily worsted him. Lewis in support of his story is able to produce a badly decorated face, with a particularly large cut on the hose. Valtz claims Lewis struck him first and that he only defended himself. The case was called in the police court to-day, but was remanded to give an opportunity to make the charge aggravated assault.

—The Winnipeg Nor'Wester publishes an interview with the wife of Gavin Andrews who committed suicide here on Thursday last and also prints the last letter which she received from him. Mrs. Andrews was almost prostrated by the news of her husband's death. The letter referred to was as follows:

Victoria, Feb. 13, 1895.

Dear Wife:—I write these few lines hoping to find you and the children in good health, as I am at present. You will cry and forgive me. It is nearly five years since I left home; it is a long time. Mary, to wait, but God has spared me mercifully thus far, hoping He has been as kind to you and the children. Now I beg of you for His love to answer this letter by return and let me know if you will come out here and when you can come. I have worked every day that I could get it, but I have got a lot and kitchen and pantry on it all paid for. Now, if you could surely raise money enough to bring you and the children out here we will get on all right. Now for pity sake answer this and say you will come; this is a lonely life for me to lead. Hoping that for the sake of the children you will forgive and answer by return, I remain your

Devoted Husband,
GAVIN ANDREWS.

—The evangelist's address last night in Gospel hall, 42 Broad street, was on, "What is the lesson God would have us learn from the hard times?" II. Cor., iv., 17 and 18, and Luke x., 40 and 42. He first emphasized the truth that as God sent a famine on his ancient people in the days of Ahab, Israel's wicked king, to lead them to turn their thoughts and hearts to himself, so is he now dealing with mankind in this universal depression to humble us and lead us to think of the things that are not seen. The speaker spoke of the various organizations to allay human suffering, and only wished there were more; but he strongly insisted that they were not the most essential, neither should they be put first, but rather that the salvation of the soul should be the first thing desired, the first great need to deal with and the first great gift to accept. He made an earnest appeal to all to give heed to the voice of God both in his inspired word and in his providential dealings.

THE RATE WAR.

Pacific Coast Steamship Company Includes Victoria in the Cuts.

R. P. Rithet & Co. received a telegram from Superintendent Johnson of the Pacific Coast Steamship company, this morning, including Victoria in the cut rates to San Francisco and making some sharp reductions in the rates to Alaska. On the steamship City of Puebla, which sails for San Francisco on Monday next, the cabin fare from Victoria will be $15 and the steerage $7.50. The steamship Topeka will sail for Alaska on March 9 and the Alki on March 17, and the rates by them will be as follows: Wrangel, cabin $10 and steerage $5; Juneau, $12 and $6 Sitka, $15 and $7.50. The steamship Alki will not call at Sitka, but will make the other ports.

The fight between the old company and its opponents is growing more interesting every day, and where it will terminate is hard to say. The Willipa, of the opposition line, is expected here on Sunday.

Clearance Sale of Furniture & Etc.

The immense stock of well selected furniture, carpets, curtains, oil cloths, linoleum, crockery, glassware, lamps, etc., of the Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Furniture Co., limited, will be sold at greatly reduced prices for cash. Call early and secure bargains.

Quick Time to the East.

The Northern Pacific railroad company has put into effect a new and shorter schedule for eastbound trains, which now leave Seattle at 2 p.m., and Tacoma at 3 p.m., daily, making the run to Chicago in 16 hours less than heretofore. Time to New York, four and a half days. Best schedule ever in effect across the continent. Passenger trains are all now lighted by electricity and heated by steam. For tickets apply to E. E. Blackwood, agent, Adelphi Building.

J.B.A.A. ON VIEW.

The composition group of the officers and prize winners of the J. B. A. A. will be on view at Skene Lowe's Studio, Wednesday evening, Feb. 27, from seven till nine p.m.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

LENZ & LEISER,
Wholesale Dry Goods, Clothing Gents' Furnishings, Etc.
We carry the Largest Stock in these lines west of Montreal; and are, therefore, able to compete with any house in the trade.

'QUICKCURE' FOR Toothache
IT ACTS LIKE MAGIC. Never fails to give INSTANT and in most cases PERMANENT Relief....
Endorsed by Dentists and Physicians as a most important discovery.....
Sold by Druggists everywhere, with instruments, 25c. and 50c.

IT WAS A SUCCESS.

"Lady Sparkle's Musical Evening" Pleased a Large Audience.

There was a large and fashionable audience at Philharmonic Hall last night to see the presentation of "Lady Sparkle's Musical Evening." The piece is rather an ambitious effort, and W. H. Langley, its author, deserves the greatest credit. It was given in aid of the funds of the King's Daughters and the different parts were taken by well known society amateurs. The costumes were very pretty and added immensely to the general effect. The young ladies in particular looked very pretty in the gowns of their maternal ancestors of two centuries ago. Mrs. Pemberton, Miss Powell, Miss Nonie Powell, Mrs. Helmcken, Mrs. Barnard, Miss Mouat, Mrs. Pullen, the Misses Loewen, George Bushby, W. H. Langley, S. A. Roberts, Herbert Robertson and W. Beaven, who took part are all entitled to credit as is George E. Powell who made a very good stage manager.

The musical programme rendered was as follows:

Piano solo—Minuet .....Mozart
Miss Beatrix Darlington.
Song—"Sigh no more, ladies"...Shakespeare
Captain Pendyce Sparkle.
Song—"Oh! To-morrow, my love".....17th Century
Lady Anastatia O'Halloran.
Song—"Vicar of Bray".....17th Century
Mr. Harry Hurlinghame.
Quartette—Mandolins and Guitars.....Italian Airs
Hon. Letitia, Mary and Priscilla Shepperley and Beatrice Darlington.
Song—"Should he upbraid".....Shakespeare
Miss Prudence Padgett.
Glee—"Golden Slumbers".....17th Century
The House Party.
Song—"Hearts of Oak".....D. Garrick
Sir Anthony Sparkle.
Song—"Will ye no come back again".....Jacobite air, by Lady Nairne
Lady Sparkle.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

Coughlan & Mayo v. the Corporation—Connors' Case.

Mr. Justice Drake is to-day hearing the action brought by Coughlan & Mayo against the corporation of Victoria. The plaintiffs are sewerage contractors, and constructed the city sewers on Fort, View and Yates streets. The contract price named was $7032.39, and the action is to enforce allowances for extras and to compel Mr. Wilmot, the city engineer, to issue a final certificate in accordance with the contract. It appears that the contractors tendered on drawings, specifications and bills of quantities submitted by the city, which were assumed to be aproximate only and for the purpose of guiding tenderers in forming some estimate on which to base their tender. These quantities were then embodied in the written tender for a lump sum, which was accepted. A schedule was annexed to the contract giving bills of quantities, with accompanying prices. These, the plaintiffs contend, applied only to additional works, deductions or variations to the tender when ordered by the engineer, and they now sue for the whole sum, with extras based on the schedule of prices. The defendants deny the lump sum contract, and claim it was a contract to be based on work actually done, and therefore the schedule of prices applies to all work executed, and there are no extras or deductions in point of fact. John Coughlan proved the contract, work executed and demand for final certificate based on tender, which was refused. This closed the plaintiff's case, and Engineer Wilmot is giving evidence on behalf of the defendants.

E. V. Rodwell for plaintiffs and W. J. Taylor for defendants.

Daniel Connors charged with stealing, did not put in an appearance this morning when his case was called before Mr. Justice Walkem. The trial took place on the 18th inst., and Connors swore that the property alleged to have been stolen from a man named Morgan was really partnership property, and as such he had an interest in it, and the judge allowed him out on bail on his own recognizances for a week in order that further evidence on the point might be obtained. Connors evidently could not get proof to his liking. The bail was estreated. Herbert Robertson appeared for the crown.

NANAIMO NEWS.

The McInnes Case—Mr. Smith's Candidature—Other Events.

Nanaimo, Feb. 27.—The decision of Magistrate Bate in sending the case of Regina vs. McInnes & McInnes up for trial, has called forth much comment among the citizens of Nanaimo.

The N.L.A.T.A. have put in a tender for what is known as the new court house, which, if they are successful in obtaining, they will convert into an athletic room.

R. Smith, the Liberal candidate, is now on tour in the constituency.

THE COMMERCIAL CABLE CO.

The Splendid Showing of a Splendid Company.

New York, Feb. 27.—The Commercial Cable company's statement for 1894 was issued to-day. The company's gross earnings, including interest on investments, amounted to $1,773,434; working and other expenses amounted to $762,995, leaving a balance of $1,010,439, an equivalent of ten per cent. on the company's capital. Dividends amounting to $700,000 were paid and $310,390 was transferred to the reserve. On January 15th, 1894, the balance of the debenture bonds outstanding, amounting to $400,000, were redeemed.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

FOOTBALL.

RUGBY VS. ASSOCIATION.

The most interesting event in football circles for Saturday will be the game between the Victoria Rugby club and the Wanderers' Association team at the rugby game. It will be remembered that the Association men defeated their rugby opponents at their own game by a score of 8 points to 3, much to the surprise of both players and spectators, and no doubt to none more so than the association players themselves. The rugby men admitted their defeat, and like true sportsmen ascribed it to their want of proper play and the smartness of their opponents. An exceedingly hard game is sure to be witnessed at Caledonia Park next Saturday, for the rugby men have been putting in conscientious practice, and are in as good form as they have been this season. They will put the strongest fifteen they can get together on the field to retrieve the lost laurels. On the other hand the Wanderers are much better acquainted with the rules of the game, and as they are in hard practice for their final cup-tie with the Nanaimo Rangers at Nanaimo on the 16th of March they should also be in good form and give the opponents lots of trouble. The teams will probably be about the same as last game, and will be given fully in Friday evening's issue. This game and others that are to follow is in aid of the traveling expenses of the Wanderers to Nanaimo to do battle for the cup. It is hoped that a large number of spectators will witness these games and encourage this team which has done so much to foster the popular pastime of association football in Victoria.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

The following team will represent the first eleven of the junior Wanderers against the R.M.A. second eleven on Saturday at the Barracks: Wriggleworth, goal; Peden and Kinsman, backs; Winsby, C. Wilson and R. Campbell, half backs; L. Campbell, Johnston, Sangster, Winsby, Goward, forwards; Huxtable, Langley, reserve.

The following will represent the second eleven of the junior Wanderers against the Y.M.C.A. second eleven on Saturday at Beacon Hill: J. O'Kililean, goal; Siddall, Dier, backs; Northcott, Berkley, Christopher, half backs; H. Winsby, McKeown, Paton, Tait, Marchant, forwards; Nickerson, reserve.

The British Pacific

Natural advantages alone will not capture it.

In a short time we are promised a new outlet to the East in the building of the British Pacific.

There is no reason why all the conditions necessary to capture this PRIZE cannot be secured, but we must not let our "natural advantages" alone be presented. They are well enough in their place, but this is a business proposition and should be treated as such. We need this additional facility, and should be willing to concentrate all our efforts to that end. If a thing is worth having it is worth laboring for, and it was with this well defined purpose that we RAPIDLY placed Findlay's Soaps the leaders in that line in the province.

Our goods are now recognized to be as good as any, and even better than eastern stuff called soap that has flooded our markets for the last few years.

LADIES OF VICTORIA: we appeal to you to assist us in running out this eastern trash. Encourage home manufacture by asking your grocer for FINDLAY'S SOAPS. He'll get it for you. Take no other.

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Sheet Music and Books....
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THE HEINTZMAN is the best piano in the City.
M. W. WAITT & CO.,
64 Government Street

Recollections of Captain Wilkie.

BY A. CONAN DOYLE,

"Who can he be?" thought I as I watched my companion in the second class carriage of the London and Dover railway.

I pulled my cap down over my eyes, took a good look from beneath it at my vis-a-vis, and repeated to myself: "Who can he be?"

I used rather to pride myself on being able to spot a man's trade or profession by a good look at his exterior. I had the advantage of studying under a master of the art, who used to electrify both his patients and his clinical classes by long shots, sometimes at the most unlikely of pursuits; and never very far from the mark. "Well, my man," I have heard him say, "I can see by your fingers that you play some musical instrument for your livelihood, but it is rather a curious one—something quite out of my line." The man afterwards informed us that he earned a few coppers by blowing "Rule Britannia" on a coffee pot the spout of which was pierced to form a rough flute. Though a novice in the art, I was still able to astonish my ward companions on occasion, and I never lost an opportunity of practicing. It was not mere curiosity then, that led me to lean back on the cushions and analyze the quiet, middle-aged man in front of me.

I used to do the thing systematically, and my train of reflections ran somewhat in this wise: "General appearance, vulgar, fairly opulent and extremely self-possessed—looks like a man who would out-chaff a bargee, and yet be at his ease in middle-class society. Eyes well set together and nose rather prominent—would be a good long range marksman. Cheeks flabby, but the softness of expression redeemed by a square cut jaw and a well set lower lip. On the whole, a powerful type. Now for the hands—rather disappointed there. Thought he was a self-made man by the look of him, but there is no callous in the palm and no thickness at the joints. Has never been engaged in any real physical work, I should think. No tanning on the backs of the hands; on the contrary, they are very white, with blue projecting veins, and long, delicate fingers. Couldn't be an artist with that face, and yet he had the hands of a man engaged in delicate manipulations. No red acid spots upon his clothes, no ink stains, no nitrate of silver marks upon the hands (this helps to negative my half-formed opinion that he was a photographer). Clothes not worn in any particularly part. Coat made of tweed, and fairly old, but the left elbow as far as I can see it, has as much of the fluff left on as the right, which is seldom the case where men do much writing. Might be a commercial traveller, but the little pocket-book in the waistcoat is wanting, nor has he any of those handy valises, suggestive of samples."

I give these brief headings of my ideas merely to demonstrate my method of arriving at a conclusion. And yet I had obtained nothing but negative results; but now, to use a chemical metaphor, I was in a position to pour off this solution of dissolved possibilities and examine the residue. I found myself reduced to a very limited number of occupations. He was neither a lawyer nor a clergyman, in spite of the soft felt hat and a somewhat clerical cut about the necktie. I was wavering now between pawnbroker and horsedealer; but there was too much character about the face for the former, and he lacked the extraordinary equine atmosphere which hangs about the latter, even in his hours of relaxation; so I formed a provisional diagnosis of betting man of methodistical persuasions, the latter clause being inserted in deference to his hat and necktie.

Pray, do not think that I reasoned it out like this in my own mind. It is only now, sitting down with pen and paper, that I can see the successive steps. As it was, I had formed my conclusion within 60 seconds of the time when I drew my hat down over my eyes and uttered the mental ejaculation with which my narrative begins.

I did not feel quite satisfied, even then with my deduction. However, as a leading question would—to pursue my chemical analogy—act on my litmus paper, I determined to try one. There was a Times lying beside my companion, and I thought the opportunity too good to be neglected.

"Do you mind my looking at your paper?" I asked.

"Certainly, sir, certainly," said he most urbanely, handing it across.

I glanced down its columns until my eye rested upon the list of the latest betting.

"Hullo!" I said, "they are laying odds upon the favorite for the Cambridgeshire. But perhaps," I added, looking up, "you are not interested in these matters?"

"Snares, sir," said he violently; "wiles of the enemy! Mortals are but given a few years to live, how can they squander them so! They have not even an eye to their poor worldly interests," he added in a milder tone, "or they would never back a single horse at such short odds with a field of thirty."

There was something in this speech of his which tickled me immensely. I suppose it was the odd way in which he blended religious intolerance with worldly wisdom. I laid the Times aside with the conviction that I should be able to spend the next two hours to better purpose than in its perusal.

"You speak as if you understood the matter at any rate," I remarked.

"Yes, sir," he answered; "few men in England understood these things better in the old days before I changed my profession. But that is all over now."

"Changed your profession," said I, interrogatively.

"Yes; I changed my name, too."

"Indeed?" said I.

"Yes; you see a man wants a real fresh start when his eyes become opened, so he has a new deal all around, so to speak. Then he gets a fair chance."

There was a short pause here, as it seemed to be on delicate ground in touching on my companion's antecedents, and he did not volunteer any information. I broke the silence by offering him a cheroot.

"No thanks," said he; "I have given up tobacco. It was the hardest wrench of all, was that. It does me good to smell the whiff of your weed. Tell me," he added, "suddenly looking hard at me with his shrewd gray eyes, why did you take stock of me so carefully before you spoke?"

"It is a habit of mine," said I. "I am a medical man, and observation is everything in my profession. I had no idea you were looking."

"I can see without looking," he answered. "I thought you were a detective at first; but I couldn't recall your face at the time I knew the force."

"Were you a detective then?" said I.

"No," he answered, with a laugh; "I was the other thing—the detected, you know. Old scores are wiped out, now, and the law can't touch me, so I don't mind confessing to a gentleman like yourself, what a scoundrel I have been in my time."

"We are none of us perfect," said I.

"No; but I was a real out-and-outer. A 'fake,' you know, to start with, and afterwards a 'cracksman.' It is easy to talk of these things now, for I've changed my spirit. It's as if I was talking of some other man, you see."

"Exactly so," said I.

"Yes, I'm converted now," he continued, "and of course I'm a happier man for that. And yet," he added wistfully, "there are times when I long for the old trade again, and fancy myself strolling out on a cloudy night with my jimmy in my pocket. I left a name behind me in my profession, sir. I was one of the old school, you know. It was very seldom that we bungled a job. We used to begin at the foot of the ladder—the rope ladder, if I may say so—in my younger days, and then work our way up step by step, so that we were what you might call good men all through."

"I see," said I.

"I was always reckoned a hard-working, conscientious man, and had talent, too—the very cleverest of them allowed that. I began as a blacksmith and then did a little engineering and carpentering, and then I took to sleight of hand tricks and then to picking pockets. I remember when I was home on a visit, how my poor old father used to wonder why I was always hovering around him. He little knew that I used to clear everything out of his pockets a dozen times a day and then replace them, just to keep my hand in. He believes to this day that I am in an office in the city. There are few of them could touch me in that particular line of business, though."

"I suppose it is a matter of practice," I remarked.

"To a great extent. Still, a man never quite loses it if he has once been an adept—excuse me, but you have dropped some cigar ash on your coat," and he waved his hand politely in front of my breast, as if to brush it off. "There," he said, handing me my gold scarf pin, "you see I have not forgotten my old cunning yet."

He had done it so quickly that I hardly saw the hand whisk over my bosom, nor did I feel his fingers touch me, and yet there was the pin glittering in his hand. "It is wonderful," I said, as I fixed it again in its place.

"Oh, that's nothing; but I have been in some really smart jobs. I was in the gang that picked the new patent safe. You remember the case. It was guaranteed to resist anything, and we managed to open the first that was ever issued within a week of its appearance. It was done with graduated wedges, sir, the first so small that you could hardly see it against the light and the latter strong enough to pry it open. It was a cleverly managed affair."

"I remember it," said I, "but surely someone was convicted for that?"

"Yes, one was nabbed but he didn't split nor even let on how it was done. We'd have cut his soul out if——," he suddenly damped down the very ugly fires which were peeping from his eyes. "Perhaps I am boring you, talking of those old wicked days of mine?"

"On the contrary, you interest me extremely."

"I like to get a listener I can trust. It's a sort of blow-off, you know, and I feel lighter after it. When I am among my brethren I dare hardly think of what has gone before. Now, I'll tell you about another job I worked. To this day I cannot think about it without laughing.'

I lit another cigar and composed myself to listen.

"It was when I was a youngster," said he. "There was a big city man in those days who was known to have a very valuable gold watch. I followed him about for several days before I could get a chance; but when I did get one you may be sure I did not throw it away. He found, to his disgust, when he got home that day, that there was nothing in his fob. I hurried off with my prize and got it stowed away in safety, intending to have it melted down the next day. Now it happened that this watch possessed a special value in the owner's eyes because it was a sort of ancestral possession—presented by his father on coming of age, or something of that sort. I remember there was a long inscription on the back. He was determined not to lose it if he could help it, and accordingly he put an advertisement in an evening paper offering thirty pounds reward for its return, and promising that no questions would be asked. He gave the address of his house, No. 31 Caroline square, at the end of the advertisement. The thing sounded good enough, so I set off for Caroline square, leaving the watch in a parcel at a public house which I passed on the way. When I got there the gentleman was at dinner; but he came out quick enough when he heard that a young man wanted to see him. I suppose he guessed who the young man would prove to be. He was a genial-looking old fellow, and he led me away with him into his study.

"Well, my lad," said he, "what is it?"

"I've come about that watch of yours," said I. "I think I can lay my hands on it."

"Oh, it was you that took it!" said he.

"No," I answered, "I know nothing whatever about how you lost it. I have been sent by another party to see you about it. Even if you have me arrested you will not find out anything."

"Well," he said, "I don't want to be hard on you. Hand it over, and here is my cheque for the amount."

"Cheques won't do," said I. "I must have it in gold."

"It would take an hour or so to collect the gold," said he.

"That will just suit," I answered, "for I have not got the watch with me. I'll go back and fetch it while you raise the money."

"I started off and got the watch where I had left it. When I came back the old gentleman was sitting behind his study table, with a little heap of gold in front of him.

"Here is your money," he said, and pushed it over.

"Here is your watch," said I.

"He was evidently delighted to get it back; and after examining it carefully, and assuring himself that it was none the worse, he put it in the watch pocket of his coat with a grunt of satisfaction.

"Now, my lad," said he, "I know that it was you that took the watch. Tell me how you did it, and I don't mind giving you an extra five pound note."

"I wouldn't tell you in any case," said I; "but especially I won't tell you when you have a witness hid behind that curtain." You see, I had all my wits about me, and it didn't escape me that the curtain was drawn tighter than it had been before.

"You are too sharp for us," said he, good humoredly. "Well, you've got your money, and that's the end of it. I'll take precious good care you don't get hold of my watch again in a hurry—good-night—no; not that door," he added, as I marched toward a cupboard. "This is the door," and he stood up and opened it. I brushed past him, opened the hall door and was round the corner in no time. I don't know how long the old gentleman took to find it out, but in passing him at the door I managed to pick his pocket for the second time, and next morning the family heirloom was in the melting pot after all. That wasn't bad, was it?"

The old war horse had evidently forgotten all about his conversion now. There was a tone of triumph in the conclusion of his anecdote which showed that his pride in his smartness far surpassed his repentance of his misdeeds. He seemed pleased at the astonishment and amusement I expressed at his adroitness.

"Yes," he continued, with a laugh, "it was a capital joke. But sometimes the fun lies all the other way. Even the sharpest of us come to grief at times. There was one rather curious incident which occurred in my career. You may possibly have seen the anecdote, for it got into print at the time."

"Pray let me hear it," said I.

"Well it is hard lines telling stories against one's self, but this was how it happened: I had made a rather good haul, and invested some of the swag in buying a fine diamond ring. I thought it would be something to fall back upon when all the ready was gone and times were hard. I had just purchased it and was going back to my lodgings in the omnibus, when, as luck would have it, a very stylishly dressed young lady came in and took her seat beside me. I didn't pay much attention to her at first; but after a time something hard in her dress knocked up against my hand, which my experienced touch soon made out to be a purse. It struck me that I could not pass the time more profitably or agreeably than by making the purse my own. I had to do it very carefully, but I managed at last to wriggle my hand into her rather tight jacket pock-

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CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)

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Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

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Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday).
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.
Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the —— and —— of each month at —— o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

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Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

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11 45 pm	Lv	32	Pt.	Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	52	...	Seattle....	26	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	...	Tacoma...	31	Lv	8 00 am

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ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 23.

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Thursday, Jan. 10th, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

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Ar. 11.30	Victoria.	Dp. 2.00 PM
11.45	Russells.	1.45
11.55	Esquimalt.	1.35
12.05	Parson's Bay.	1.25
12.22	Langford.	1.08
12.33	Goldstream.	1.00
12.38	Summit Siding.	12.55
12.53	Shawnigan Lake.	12.40
1.03	Cobble Hill.	12.30
1.18	McTheron's.	12.15
1.28	Duncans.	12.05
1.43	Somenos.	11.50
1.53	Westholme.	11.40
2.03	Chemainus.	11.30
2.23	Oyster Bay Siding.	11.10
2.33	Oyster Bay.	11.00
2.48	Nanaimo.	10.45
Ar. 2.55	Wellington.	Dp. 10.35 AM

On Saturday and Sunday.

Return tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return tickets for one and half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days including day of issue.

No return tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

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H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

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" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.
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et, and I thought the job was over. Just at that moment she rose abruptly to leave the 'bus, and I had hardly time to get my hand with the purse in it out of her pocket without detection. It was not until she had been gone some time that I found out that in drawing my hand out in that hurried manner the new and ill fitting ring had slipped over my finger and remained in the young lady's pocket. I sprang out and ran in the direction in which she had gone with the intention of picking her pocket once again. She had disappeared, however, and from that day to this I have never set eyes on her. To make the matter worse, there was only fourpence halfpenny in coppers inside the purse. Served me right for trying to rob such a pretty girl; still, if I had that two hundred quid now I should not be reduced to—Good heavens, forgive me! What am I saying?"

He seemed inclined to relapse into silence after this; but I was determined to draw him out a little more if I could possibly manage it.

"There is less personal risk in the branch you have been talking of," I remarked, "than there is in burglary."

"Ah!" he said, warming to his subject once again, "it is the higher game which is best worth aiming at. Talk about sport, sir! Talk about fishing or hunting! Why, it is tame in comparison! Think of the great country house with its men servants and its dogs and its firearms, and you with only your jimmy and your centre bit and your mother wit, which is best after all. It is the triumph of intellect over brute force, sir, as represented by bolts and bars."

"People generally look upon it as quite the reverse," I remarked.

"I was never one of those blundering life-preserving fellows," said my companion. "I did try my hand at garrotting once, but it was against my principles, and I gave it up. I have tried everything. I have been a bedridden widow with three children; but I do object to physical force."

"You have been what?" said I.

"A bedridden widow. Advertising, you know, and getting subscriptions. I have tried them all. You seem interested in these experiences," he continued "so I will tell you another anecdote. It was the narrowest escape from penal servitude that ever I had in my life. A pall and I had gone down on a country beat—it doesn't signify where it was—and taken up our headquarters in a little provincial town. Somehow it got noised abroad that we were there and householders were warned to be careful, as suspicious characters had been seen in the neighborhood. We should have changed our plans when we saw the game was up; but my chum was a plucky fellow, and wouldn't consent to back down. Poor little Jim! He was only thirty-four around the chest and about twelve at the biceps; but there is not a measuring tape in England that could have given the size of his heart. He said we were in for it, and we must stick to it; so I agreed to stay, and we chose Morley Hall, the country house of a certain Colonel Morley, to begin with.

"Now this Colonel Morley was about the last man in the world that we should have meddled with. He was a shrewd, cool headed fellow, who had knocked about and seen the world, and it seems that he took a special pride in the detection of criminals. However, we knew nothing of all this at the time; so we set forth hopefully to have a try at the house.

"The reason that made us pick him out among the rest was that he had a good for nothing groom, who was a tool in our hands. This fellow had drawn up a rough plan of the premises for us. The place was pretty well locked up and guarded, and the only weak point we could see was a certain trap door, the padlock of which was broken, and which opened from the roof into one of the lumber rooms. If we could only find any method of reaching the roof we might force a way securely from above. We both thought the plan rather a good one, and it had a spice of originality about it which pleased us. It is not the mere jewels or plate, you know, that a good cracksman thinks about. The neatness of the job and his reputation for smartness are almost as important in his eyes.

"We had been very quiet for a day or two, just to let suspicion die away. Then we set out one dark night, Jim and I, and got over the avenue railings and up to the house without meeting a soul. It was blowing hard, I remember, and the clouds were hurrying across the sky. We had a good look at the front of the house, and then Jim went around to the garden side. He came running back in a minute or two in a great state of delight. 'Why, Bill,' he said, gripping me by the arm, 'there never was such a bit of luck. They've been repairing the roof or something, and they've left the ladder standing.'

"We went round together, and there, sure enough, was the ladder towering above ous heads and one or two laborers' hods lying about, which showed that there had been some work going on during the day. We had a good look round to see that everything was quiet, and then we climbed up, Jim first and I after him. We got to the top and were sitting on the slates, having a bit of a breather before beginning business, when you can fancy our feelings to see the ladder that we came up by suddenly stand straight up in the air and then slowly descend until it rested in the garden below. At first we hoped that it might have slipped, though that was bad enough; but we soon had that idea put out of our heads.

"Hullo, up there!" cried a voice from below.

"We craned our heads over the edge, and there was a man, dressed, as far as we could make out, in evening dress, and standing in the middle of the grass plot. We kept quiet.

"Hullo!" he shouted again. "How do you feel yourself? Pretty comfortable, eh? Ha! ha! You London rogues thought we were green in the country. What's your opinion now?"

"We both lay still, though feeling pretty considerably small, as you may imagine.

"It's all right; I see you," he continued. "Why, I have been waiting behind that lilac bush every night for the last week, expecting to see you. I knew you couldn't resist going up that ladder, when you found the windows were too much for you—Joe! Joe!"

"Yes, sir," said a voice, and another man came from among the bushes.

"Just you keep your eye on the roof, will you, while I run down to the station and fetch up a couple of constables? Au revoir, gentlemen. You don't mind waiting, I suppose?" And Colonel Morley, for it was the owner of the house himself, strode off; and in a few minutes we heard the rattle of his horse's hoofs going down the avenue.

"Well, sir, we felt pretty silly, as you may imagine. It was not so much having been nabbed that bothered us as the feeling of being caught in such a trap. We looked at each other in blank disgust, and then to save our lives we could not help bursting into laughter at our own fix. However, it was no laughing matter, so we set to work going around the roof and seeing if there was a likely water pipe or anything that might give us a chance of escape. We had to give it up as a bad job, so we sat down again and made up our minds to the worst. Suddenly an idea flashed into my head, and I groped my way over the roof until I felt wood under my feet. I bent down and found that the colonel had actually forgotten to secure the padlock. You will often notice as you go through life that it is the shrewdest and most cunning man who falls into the most absurd mistakes; and this was an example of it. You may guess that we did not lose much time, for we expected to hear the constables every moment. We dropped through into the lumber room, slipped own stairs, tore open the library shutters, and were out and away before the astonished groom could make out what had happened. There wasn't time enough to take any little souvenir with us, worse luck. I should have liked to have seen the colonel's face when he came back with the constables and found that the birds had flown."

"Did you ever come across the colonel again?" I asked.

"Yes, we skinned him of every bit of plate he had, down to the salt spoons, a few years later. It was partly out of revenge, you see, that we did it. It was a very well managed and daring thing—one of the best I ever saw, and all done in open daylight, too."

"How in the world did you do it?" I asked.

"Well, there were three of us in it—Jim was one; and we set about it in this way: We wanted to begin by getting the colonel out of the way, so I wrote him a note purporting to come from Squire Brotherwick, who lived about ten miles away, and was not always on the best of terms with the squire of Morley Hall. I dressed myself up as a groom and delivered the note myself. It was to the effect that the squire thought he was able to lay his hands on the scoundrels who had escaped from the colonel a couple of years ago, and that if the colonel would ride over they would have little difficulty in securing them. I was sure that this would have the desired effect; so after handing it in and remarking that I was the squire's groom I walked off again, as if on the way back to my master's.

"After getting out of sight of the house I crouched down behind a hedge, and, as I expected, in less than a quarter of an hour the colonel came swinging past me on his chestnut mare. Now, there is another accomplishment I possess which I have not mentioned to you yet, and that is that I can copy any handwriting that I see. It is a very easy thing to pick up if you only give your mind to it. I happened to have come across one of Colonel Morley's letters some days before, and I can write so that even now I defy an expert to detect a difference between the hands. This was a great assistance to me now, for I tore out a leaf of my pocketbook and wrote something to this effect:

"As Squire Brotherwick has seen some suspicious characters about and the house may be attempted again, I have sent down to the bank and ordered them to send up their bank cart to convey the whole of the plate to a place of safety. It will save us a good deal of anxiety to know that it is in absolute security. Have it packed up and ready, and give the bearer a glass of beer.

"Having composed this precious epistle I addressed it to the butler, and carried it back to the hall, saying that their master had overtaken me on the way and asked me to deliver it. I was taken in and made much of down stairs, while a great packing case was dragged into the hall and the plate stowed away among cotton wool and stuffing. It was nearly ready when I heard the sound of wheels on the gravel, and sauntered around just in time to see a business like closed car drive up to the door. One of my pals was sitting very demurely on the box, while Jim, with an official looking hat, sprang out and bustled out into the hall.

"'Now then,' I heard him say, 'look sharp! What's for the bank? Come on!'

"'Wait a minute, sir?' said the butler.

"'Can't wait. There's a panic all over the country, and they're clamoring for us everywhere. Must drive on to Lord Blackbury's place, unless you are ready.'

"'Don't go, sir!' pleaded the butler. 'There's only this one rope to tie. There, it is ready now. Look after it, won't you?'

"'That we will. You'll never have any more trouble with it now,' said Jim, helping to push the great case into the car.

"'I think I had better go with you and see it stowed away in the bank,' said the butler.

"'All right,' said Jim, nothing abashed. 'You can't come in the car, though, for Lord Blackbury's box will take up all the spare room. Let's see—it's 12 o'clock now. Well, you be waiting at the bank door at halfpast 1, and you will just catch us.'

"'All right—halfpast 1,' said the butler.

"'Good day,' cried my chum, and away went the car, while I made a bit of a short-cut and caught it around a turn of the road. We drove right off into the next county, got a down train to London, and before night the colonel's silver was fused into a solid lump."

I could not help laughing at the versatility of the old scoundrel. "It was a daring game of play," I said.

"It is always the daring game which succeeds best," he answered.

At this point the train began to show symptoms of slowing down, and my companion put on his overcoat and gave other signs of being near the end of his journey.

"You are going on to Dover," he said.

"Yes."

"For the continent?"

"Yes."

"How long do you intend to travel?"

"Only for a week or so."

"Well, I must leave you here. You will remember my name won't you? John Wilkie. I am pleased to have met you. Is my umbrella behind you?" he added, stretching across. "No; I beg your pardon. Here it is in the corner;" and with an affable smile the ex-cracksman stepped out, bowed, and disappeared among the crowd upon the platform.

I lit another cigar, laughed as I thought of my late companion, and lifted up the Times, which he had left behind him. The bell had rung, the wheels were already revolving, when to my astonishment a pallid face looked in at me through the window. It was so contorted and agitated that I hardly recognized the features which I had been gazing upon during the last couple of hours.

"Here, take it," he said—"take it. It's hardly worth my while to rob you of seven pounds four shillings; but I could not resist once more trying my hand," and he flung something into the carriage and disappeared.

It was my old leather purse, with my return ticket and the whole of my traveling expenses. His newly awakened conscience had driven him to instant restitution.

A Humorous Fact

About Hood's Sarsaparilla it expels bad humor and creates good humor. A battle for blood is what Hood's Sarsaparilla vigorously fights, and is always victorious in expelling foul taints and giving the vital fluid the quality and quantity of perfect health. It cures scrofula, salt rheum, boils and other blood diseases.

HOOD'S PILLS act easily, yet promptly and efficiently on the bowels and liver. 25c.

GENERAL BOOTH.

Enthusiastic Over the Success of His Long Trip.

New York, Feb. 26.—General William Booth, head of the Salvation Army, has arrived in this city, after completing a tour of more than three months during which period he has visited nearly one hundred and fifty cities of the United States and Canada. The general and the members of the party who have accompanied him are enthusiastic over the success of this long trip and are warm in their praise for the American people and the kindness with which they have been greeted on every hand. Already advices received at the general headquarters in this city from the district barracks in all parts of the country state that the visits of the general and the great demonstrations accompanying them have acted as a great impetus to the work of the army. General Booth will take his departure for Europe on the steamship New York the latter part of the week, but before he bids what he regretfully terms his final farewell to America, there will be a great demonstration in Carnegie Hall which promises to eclipse the great meeting which was held in the same edifice some three months ago on the occasion of his arrival. Of course, the New York and Brooklyn lads and lassies will turn out in force, as will also many prominent citizens of this city whose esteem and friendship the general won on the occasion of his first visit. The demonstration will certainly enable the party to carry back to England joyful remembrances of their work in the United States.

Weak Women

and all mothers who are nursing babies derive great benefit from Scott's Emulsion. This preparation serves two purposes. It gives vital strength to mothers and also enriches their milk and thus makes their babies thrive.

Scott's Emulsion

is a constructive food that promotes the making of healthy tissue and bone. It is a wonderful remedy for Emaciation, General Debility, Throat and Lung Complaints, Coughs, Colds, Anæmia, Scrofula and Wasting Diseases of Children.

Send for Pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion, Free.
Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

If you must draw the line at ~~lard~~

and have, like thousands of other people, to avoid all food prepared with it, this is to remind you that there is a clean, delicate and healthful vegetable shortening, which can be used in its place. If you will

USE COTTOLENE

instead of lard, you can eat pie, pastry and the other "good things" which other folks enjoy, without fear of dyspeptic consequences. Deliverance from lard has come.

Buy a pail, try it in your own kitchen, and be convinced.

Cottolene is sold in 3 and 5 pound pails, by all grocers.

Made only by
The N. K. Fairbank Company,
Wellington and Ann Sts., MONTREAL.

The greatest medical authorities and scientists in the world recommend ADAMS' TUTTI FRUTTI for Indigestion. Among them DR. CYRUS EDSON, Health Commissioner, and R. OGDEN DOREMUS, M.D., LL.D.

Allow no imitations to be palmed off on you.

120 ROLLS ...OF... CROSSLEY'S CELEBRATED CARPETS....

Including Brussels, Tapestry and Velvets.

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ELEGANT DESIGNS . . .
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ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE

Mr. F. B. Atherton is no longer authorized to collect any of my accounts.
feb26 LEWIS HALL.

Notice of Assignment.

Re estate of Charles A. Lombard. Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Amendment Act, 1894."

Notice is hereby given that Charles A. Lombard, residing at 66 Collison street in the city of Victoria, B. C., carrying on business at 61 Government street in the city of Victoria aforesaid, under the style and name of C. A. Lombard & Co., music dealer, has by deed dated the 14th day of February, 1895, granted and assigned all his personal estate, credits and effects, which may be seized and sold under execution and all his real estate (except leaseholds) unto William Henry Bone, of 69 Government street in the city of Victoria, and residing at Holgate, Topaz avenue, in the said city, stationer, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying ratably and proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said Charles A. Lombard. The said deed was executed by the said parties thereto and the trusts thereby created were accepted and undertaken by the said William Henry Bone on the 14th day of February, 1895.

Creditors of the said Charles A. Lombard are required to send forthwith full particulars of their claims proved by statutory declaration to the said trustee, and all persons indebted to the said Charles A. Lombard are required to pay the amount of their indebtedness to the said trustee forthwith.

After the 15th day of April, 1895, the said trustee will proceed to distribute the assets among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which he shall then have had notice, and the said trustee will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not at the time of such distribution have had notice.

Dated the 14th day of February, 1895.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley street, Victoria, solicitor for W. H. Bone, trustee.

A meeting of the creditors of the above estate will be held at the office of S. Perry Mills, 46 Langley street, on Saturday, the 23rd day of February, 1895, at 11 o'clock a.m.

W. H. BONE, Trustee.

Notice of Assignment

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that John Graham Brown, of No. 45 North Chatham street, Victoria, British Columbia, contractor, has by deed dated the 14th day of February, 1895, granted and assigned all his real and personal estate (save as therein excepted) to John Manson Malcolm, of No. 42 Henry street, in the said city of Victoria, stone mason, in trust, for the benefit of all the creditors of the said John Graham Brown. The said deed was executed by the said parties, and the said John Manson Malcom accepted the trusts thereunder, on the 14th day of February, 1895. All creditors are required to send full particulars of their claims, proved by affidavit or declaration to the undersigned on or before the 20th day of March, 1895.

Dated this 20th day of February, 1895.

THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the assignee, 50 Langley street, Victoria.

CREDITORS' MEETING.

A meeting of the creditors will be held at 50 Langley street, Victoria, B. C., on Monday, the 4th day of March, 1895, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. f21-1m

In the Matter of the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890" and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph C. Devlin, of 234 Simcoe street, Victoria, did by deed dated the 13th of February, 1895, grant and assign his real and personal property unto Charles Fox Todd, of Wharf street, Victoria, and 218 Johnson street, Victoria, merchant, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying ratably or proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said Joseph C. Devlin.

All persons having claims against the said Joseph C. Devlin are requested to forward and deliver full particulars thereof, duly verified, to the said trustee on or before the 15th of March, 1895, after which day the said trustee will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice.

Dated February 15th, 1895.

C. F. TODD, Trustee.

A meeting of the creditors of the said Joseph C. Devlin will be held in the office of the said C. F. Todd on Wharf street, Victoria, at 3 p.m., on Friday, the 22nd day of February, 1895.

C. F. TODD, Trustee.

SEALED TENDERS

Will be received by the undersigned up to the 1st of March next for supplying the City Schools with fire wood. Forms of tender and further particulars may be obtained at 46 Fort street.

B. WILLIAMS,
f21-td Secretary School Board.

Simpson, Strickland & Co

DARTMOUTH, ENGLAND.

Engineers, Yacht & Launch Builders.

SOLE MAKERS OF

Kingdon's Patent Machinery,

—FOR—

STEAM LAUNCHES, ELECTRIC LIGHT and AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES.

We build and completely equip First-class Launches of all descriptions for Lake, Sea, River and shallow draught work.

OUR SPECIALTIES ARE
First in Economy, Power, Speed and Lightness.

The materials and the workmanship are the best.

Write for catalogue and price list.

CONTINUAL ADVERTISING IS THE ....PRICE OF BUSINESS SUCCESS....

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—The gambling case of John Cook is being heard in the police court to-day.

—The tug Velos has gone to Port Angeles to tow the schooner Falcon to Westminster where she is to load lumber.

—The British ship Thomas Stephens, from Cardiff to Victoria, was spoken on Jan. 22 in Lat. 21 south longitude 39 west.

—The big four-masted ship Olivebank at present at Port Townsend, is to be towed to Hastings, having taken a lumber charter. She is a 2647 ton ship, and will probably be the largest vessel that has ever taken lumber at Hastings

—At the Willows on Saturday night H. F. Hanson, retiring cashier of the Province Publishing company, was given a farewell dinner by the "chapel" of the printing department, which consits of William Chapman, foreman, W. V. Clarke, chairman, H. Dods, Alf. Greenwood, L. Netherby, Joseph Davies and Arthur Wheeler. The menu was excellent and the menu cards one of the best creations of the office. The dinner was heartily enjoyed by all, and the compliment was no doubt greatly appreciated by Mr. Hanson. The latter leaves the Province to accept another post.

—The Conservative association at its meeting last evening, in addition to denying rumors and painting the political horizon rose tint (see Colonist), had a very interesting discussion as to committees, as a gentleman who attended the meeting explained to-day. Said he: "They proceeded with the appointment of a lot of committees to work for candidates not yet named. It must have struck many as inconsistent, and there was some objection to the idea, but it went through. Those who managed the matter very likely figured that getting a lot of men pledged for committee work would keep them in the right line for any candidates named. It may and it may not. The meeting was largely attended, but the crowd did not enthuse."

THE PAN-AMERICAN ROAD

Will Be Constructed Between Mexico and Argentina.

Los Angeles, Feb. 27.—Lieut.-Commander Brown, of the United States navy executive, and disbursing officer of the survey commission of the inter-continental railway, which was authorized by the Pan-American congress, and who was appointed by the government, has returned from Mexico, where he had a conference with President Diaz. The survey is completed and mapped, showing a feasible route to the Argentine Republic border.

"There is but one gap," Brown said, "one of one hundred miles between Mexico and Guatemala, which just now cannot be surveyed—it is needless to say why. The road will undoubtedly be built, as the republics south of Mexico have all granted concessions to contractors to build the line, and President Diaz, whom we saw on the 18th inst., told us that he was confident the road would be constructed."

Commander Brown was in command of the warship Trenton when she was wrecked in a hurricane at Samoa, and he sustained a fracture of the breast bone at that time.

THE CELEBRATED HESPER CASE

The Long Delayed Trial Will Now be Proceeded With.

San Francisco, Feb. 27.—Charles E. Green, one of the most important witnesses in the celebrated Hesper case for whom the United States marshal has been looking for several weeks, was caught yesterday and lodged in Alameda county jail. Green will be held until the new trial which has been granted by the United States supreme court to Sparf and Hansen, two of the crew of the bark Hesper, convicted of the murder of the mate Fitzgerald, comes up for hearing. All three of the convicted men have been sentenced to death, but in anticipation of the decision of the supreme court granting Sparf and Hansen new trials have been respited several times. Their cases have been delayed on account of the absence of Green for over a month, but now that he is caught a speedy hearing will take place.

GOLD IN GARBAGE.

Economical and Hygienic Process of Treatment

Berlin has gone a step in the right direction in using the garbage of the city in an economic and hygienic way. The garbage of the collection is emptied into a large cylinder of wire netting with very wide meshes. The heavier parts drop right through and into another cylinder, the meshes of which are only one and a half inches wide. At the end of this cylinder an air current from an electric ventilator carries all light articles, like papers, rags, etc., while the heavier ones drop upon a turning table, where attendants pick out bones and glass, etc., while organic matter, etc., is ground and sold as fertilizer. What fell through the two cylinders is further sorted through half inch wire nets, retaining the unburnt coal and cokes, and dropping the ashes. The rags and paper gathered are forced in to wrapping paper on the premises, and this product sells at about $36 a ton. The fuel recovered from the garbage furnishes the necessary steam power and electric light for the entire plant, and the ashes are taken away in barges. It is estimated that fully 30 per cent of the ashes in the garbage are unconsumed coal and coke. The Berlin plant has paid its expenses since its opening a short time ago, and handsome profits will be realized by the city in this venture.

THE TEMPERANCE QUEEN.

Will Take up a Permanent Residence in Europe.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 25.—Another American woman whose name is famous the world over is about to follow the example of the once queen of the American stage, Mary Anderson, and take up a permanent residence in Europe. This is Miss Francis Willard, queen amongst the temperance women of the world, so far no formal statement has been made on the subject either by her or on her behalf, but the fact has been known for some little time in her close circle of friends, and it has leaked out sufficiently at the White Ribbon and National Council of Women conventions held in Washington during the past two weeks. Miss Willard's determination was due entirely to the fact that she is no longer able to stand the rigors of the American climate, while the results of her sojourn in the country places of England last year under the watchful care of Lady Henry Somerset were most beneficial. Not only this but since the death of her salutry mother at Evanston, Illinois, in August, 1892, that suburb and the Willard home, "Rest Cottage," seems in a measure to have lost its charm for her, and arrangements have been made by which those of Miss Willard's household still occupy the cottage and engaged in temperance work will be assigned to other fields and the place closed. Miss Willard sails with Lady Somerset early next month.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 25.—The officials of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union are inclined to be extremely reticent concerning Miss Willard's intention of taking up a permanent residence in England. One of them, however, admitted, Miss Willard's views on the subject have been communicated to the officers of the union some little time since. It is understood that she will not resign the presidency of any of the organizations she has been instrumental in bringing into existence and the probabilities are that each annual meeting will re-elect her, no matter whether her residence be in Chicago or St. Petersburg. There will see be, however, an American supervisory head for the National American Woman's Christian Temperance Union, the affairs of which are gradually growing to enormous dimensions

A GREAT WARRIOR'S HEAD.

A Reduced Face and Features—Worn as a Trophy After Battle.

One of the best selected collections of South American curiosities and relics in country is that belonging to T. Alejandro Santos, who was recently appointed consul from Bolivia by President Baptista. Mr. Santos is a native of Ecuador, although now a naturalized American citizen, and has traveled extensively in South America, especially in Peru, Bolivia and Ecuador, and has gathered a large and interesting collection of ancient and modern Indian curiosities. Mr. Santos is an interesting and fluent talker and a student of the archaeology and history of South America. The pride of his collection is a wonderful specimen of a reduced and preserved Ecuadorian Indian's head.

The great portion of Central and Eastern Ecuador is a wild mountainous and desert region, and is inhabited by tribes of Indians who are still in a more than semi-barbarous and savage condition, even worse than that of the American Indians, 50 years ago. These Indians are great warriors, and are constantly fighting among themselves, with little interference from the government authorities. One among many of their queer customs is that, instead of scalping their slain enemies and wearing their scalps as trophies of their prowess, as did the North American Indians, the Indians of Ecuador cut the heads from their enemies' shoulders, and, putting them through a process of tanning and reduction, wear them with great pride at their belts as ghastly ornaments.

The head in the possession of Mr. Santos belonged to a full-grown man of ordinary stature, but is now about one-tenth of its original size. The features and general contour of the face are wonderfully preserved, so much so that it is said that those who had known in life a man whose head had been so preserved would have no difficulty in identifying him. The process of preparing the heads is a secret among the Indians that has never been divulged; but but it is supposed to be somewhat similar to that practiced by the ancient Egyptians in preparing their mummies. One part of the process is said to be the filling of the interior, after the removal of the bones, with red-hot gravel, which reduces the size and tans and hardens the skin.

The work is begun by the removal of all the facial and cranium bones, and the entire contents of the head, leaving only the scalp and thick skin. The head described here is smaller in size than an ordinary baseball, and is covered with the long, silken and beautiful black hair that was worn in life. It probably reached about the shoulders and is banged in front. Just where the hair begins on the right temple is a larger indentation, which was evidently made with a battle-axe and was the cause of the warrior's death. The face is somewhat sunken where the eyes formerly were, and the nose is thrown slightly upward. The Indians have little hair on their faces, but the eyebrows, and a few hairs on the lip, chin and in the nostrils are still in evidence. The ears are reduced in proportion to the rest of the face, but the piercing in each lobe is distinctly shown. Taken all in all, the face is a most ferocious looking one, and the owner must have been a bad man in a fight while in the land of the living. That he was a great warrior is amply borne out by the fact that from his lips hang 34 strings, each string representing a human life which he took in battle.

When in life the warrior wore the record elsewhere on his person, but when he was slain the victor sewed the strings through his dead enemy's lips, that it might be seen at a glance what a great warrior he had killed.

The reduced skin and cuticle is about one-sixth of an inch in thickness and hard and unbreakable as ironwood. In color the face is a rich mahogany, streaked with red war paint. In the back of the neck and head is the long cut through which the contents were removed, and which was afterwards sewn up. The head is carried by means of a long pole through a hole in the top. By this custom a great warrior who had slain a number of enemies had plenty of bric-a-brac for the adornment of his person and his dwelling.

Globe-trotters who have seen the curiosities of many countries, and who have examined Mr. Santos' Indian head pronounce it one of the finest curiosities they have ever seen. Mr. Santos said that when the Indians realized what a high commercial value the heads had, they would murder one another for the purpose of preserving and selling the heads, until the government of Ecuador was compelled to prohibit the traffic by stringent laws. The heads have now become rare and bring a large price. Only two others are known to be in this country; one owned by a private individual, and the other in the Smithsonian institution.

AMERICAN DISPATCHES.

News In Brief From All Parts of the Great Republic.

Savannah, Feb. 27.—Trouble over ex-priest Slattery's lecture seems to have entirely died out over night. Not a semblance of disorder on the street this morning.

Cambden, Feb. 27.—A fire threatens the destruction of 500 cottages in Pittman grove camp meeting grounds here. A number already have been burned.

Chicago, Feb. 27.—Kraestner and company's five story building was burned this morning. A number of employees were more or less injured by jumping from the windows. The fire has spread to the Crane elevator building.

Wall Street, Feb. 27.—Stocks opened fractionally higher. Canadian Pacific strong and advanced 1 1-2.

Evansville, Ind., Feb. 27.—Chas. Denby, jr., secretary of legation for the United States at Pekin has arrived here and will be married on March 19 to Miss Martha Orr, daughter of Jas. Orr, the wealthiest man in the city. Denby will return to China with his bride immediately after his marriage.

Chicago, Ind., Feb. 27.—Chicago is larger by one square mile than it was yesterday. The total area is now 187.45 square miles. The latest accession is the territory lying between 115th and 122nd streets and Halsteads and Ashland avenues. The town of Calumen has been dropped into the city limits until now Chicago reaches Morgan park. It has taken nearly five years since the first section of Calumet fell in, to absorb about half of that township.

Little Rock, Ark., Feb. 27.—Owing to recent "hold-ups" in the streets of this city the streets were patrolled last night by a committee of citizens and fifty arrests were made. All persons found on the streets after 9 p.m. who could not give a satisfactory account of themselves were arrested.

New York, Feb. 27.—A meeting of the National baseball league commenced this morning and all delegates were present except Robinson of Cleveland. A number of weighty questions are being considered.

Sacramento, Cala., Feb. 27.—Bishop Monouge of the northern diocese of California and Nevada died at his home in this city this morning after a protracted illness. The bishop was one of the most highly esteemed divines in the country.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 27.—St. Ann's Catholic church caught fire to-day while the parishioners were at mass in celebration of Ash Wednesday, all got out safely, however. The building was burned. Loss $20,000.

New York, Feb. 27.—It is reported here that the Mexican warship Libertad, two weeks overdue is ashore forty-five miles from the passes at the mouth of the Mississippi.

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 27.—C. W. McDade, who is walking around the world from San Francisco called on the governor this morning to obtain his autograph. He expects to reach San Francisco on July 1.

New York, General Booth, commander-in-chief of the Salvation Army, sailed on the steamer Paris for Europe to-day. Over one thousand Salvation lads and lassies saw him off.

A DOMESTIC TRAGEDY.

John McCalb Shot and Killed by John McDowell.

Corvallis, Ore., Feb. 27.—It is reported from Summit, a small station about 25 miles west of Corvallis, in the burnt woods district just over the line in Lincoln County, that John McCalb was shot and almost instantly killed by his father-in-law, John McDowell. There was trouble for some time between McCalb and his wife which finally ended yesterday by McDowell having McCalb arrested on a charge of assault and battery on his wife. The trial came off yesterday and McCalb was acquitted. McDowell and the family went home ahead of McCalb and the latter followed with the avowed intention of taking his children who were with the wife at the father-in-law's. He rode up to McDowell's place on horseback and said he had come for the children. When McDowell told him he could not have them, it is understood from the reports that McDowell immediately fired a load of buckshot striking McCalb and his horse. The horse became unmanageable and threw McCalb off. As he fell he tried to get up, saying "You have not downed me yet," when McDowell rushed out with a revolver and fired three more shots taking effect in McCalb's side. McDowell is seventy-three years old while McCalb is a young man. McDowell claims he shot McCalb through fear that he would be overpowered if he allowed him to get too close. McCalb was not armed and from information so far it is thought that the killing was not exactly justifiable. The coroner has been sent for and an inquest will be held to-day.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Fox, of Astoria, is visiting friends in this city.

Mrs. H. Findley returned from the Mainland last night.

C. Ashbury and wife came over from Sound last night.

Theo. Giouard, St. Catherines, Ont., is a guest at the Victoria.

L. M. Descalso, San Francisco, is registered at the Victoria.

P. A. Paulson arrived from the Sound on the Rosalie this morning.

Mrs. Van Volkenburg and son were passengers home by the Kingston last night.

C. G. Henshaw and A. M. Fraser were passengers from Vancouver by the Charmer last night.

Bishop Lemmens, who is at Kyuquet, is expected to return to Victoria in the course of a week or so.

Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Marquis leave for England in a day or so on a pleasure trip. They will go east over the C.P.R.

Joseph Knapan leaves to-morrow for England. He will go east over the C.P.R. and to Southampton by the American line.

Mrs. Dwelly leaves in the morning for London. She will travel via the C.P.R. and will cross the Atlantic on the Dominion liner Vancouver.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Feb. 27.—P A Paulson, T Lestor, Mrs T Lestor, J H Payne, M Manson, A McDermott, T Ferguson, G Flesham.

Per Steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Samuel McKee, F H Wyse, N McDermitt, W Donnelly, C G Henshaw, J B Chrentell, A M Fraser, J L Beckwith, W Christie, S M McKay, J D Prentice, Miss Dawson, J S McLeod, C C Eldridge, Wm Taylor, W B Wilson, I B Fisher, A E Stephens, J W Sinclair, three Sisters of Charity, Nurse Corbett, Mrs Hartney, S C Kirk, Mrs H Findley, N Lewis.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Mrs Blackman, C Ashury and wife, Miss Long, R E Tallon, N Ellison, C P Wilkins, G E Hartray, H J Worth, Jas McKay, Mrs Clomin, Miss Rose, Mrs Van Volkenburg and son, J R Paull and wife.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Feb. 27.—Winch & Bowers, Valo & Brooks, H & Bannerman, John Barona.

Per Steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Vic Elec Co, care Armour & Co, Skene & Lowe, J Blackburn, Ames Holden Co, care Molson's Bank, Jas Mitchell, B C Cattle Co, J G Johnson, R J Nott, R W Higginbotham, Sam Woo, Singer Manfg Co, Speed Bros, Wilson Bros, W Knox, W Blackie, Dom Exp Co.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—W Langlon, Braid & Kelly, P B & Co, A B E, S M & Co, A & W Wilson, Union Brew Co, F Boutilier & Co, J Hilbert & Son, care of H B Co, Van Volkenburg & Co, Weller Bros, Thos Dunn & Co, H Short & Son, T W Fletcher, J Piercy, S L & Co, H B Co, L & Co.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

SOME PRICES
THAT MEAN BUSINESS

MEN'S SUITS—
Former price $25 . . . now $18
" 20 . . . now 14
" 17 . . . now 12
" 15 . . . now 10
" 13 . . . now 8

OVERCOATS—
Reduced from $22 to . . . $16.00
" 20 to . . 13.50
" 16 to . . 11.00
" 13 to . . 10.00
" 12 to . . 8.00

MACKINTOSHES
Guaranteed Waterproof
Reduced from $16.50 to . $12.50
" 15.00 to . 10.00
" 10.00 to . 7.00

MEN'S SHIRTS
White and Colored
Former Price $2.25 . now $1.75
" 2.00 . now 1.50
" 1.50 . now 1.00
" 1.00 . now 65c.

S. REID, 122 Government St., Next New England Hotel

Mrs. Goldman
Wishes to inform the ladies of Victoria that she has opened her business of
Hair Dresser and Worker,
at No. 1 View Street, opposite Driard. Hair dressed in the latest style. Switches, Bangs, Hair Chains, Etc., made to order at most reasonable prices. Combings made up. Bangs cut and cured.
NOTE THE ADDRESS:
No. 1 View Street, Opposite Driard

Calendars! Calendars! Calendars!
Finest Selection in the City. Ten Varieties.
One given with every pair of boots.
Glad to show visitors the quality of our stock.
Cheap lot of Ladies' Shoes to hand. Ladies' Buttoned Boots (sample fours) are fine goods.
Some of the Babies' Goods still on hand.
Old Country Boot Store,
91 Johnson Street, Between Broad and Douglas Streets.
JAMES FREEL, Proprietor.

CREIGHTON,
The Tailor.
Will sell at Cost for the NEXT TEN DAYS for CASH only.
Winter and Spring Suitings. Just call and see them, for they are great value for the money you will have to give.
J. W. CREIGHTON,
FINE TAILORING PARLORS,
86 Government St. - - Victoria, B. C.

MERCHANTS' LUNCH
Served at the
Poodle Dog Restaurant
From 12 to 2 with glass of beer or claret, 40 cents.
Regular meals with glass of beer or claret 50 cents.
LOUIS MARBOEUF, Pro

General Steamship Agency.
THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points
From Halifax.

Allan Line, Laurentian	March 2
Allan Line, Numidian	March 16
Allan Line, Mongolian	March 30
Dominion Line, Vancouver	March 9
Dominion Line, Oregon	March 23
Dominion Line, Labrador	April 6

From New York.

Cunard Line, Etruria	March 2
Cunard Line, Aurania	March 9
American Line, New York	March 6
American Line, Berlin	March 13
White Star Line, Britannic	March 6
White Star Line, Majestic	March 13
North German Lloyd, Havel	March 5
North German Lloyd, Trave	March 9
Anchor Line, Ancroria	March 2
Anchor Line, Circassia	March 23
Red Star Line, Westland	March 6
Red Star Line, Belgenland	March 13

From Philadelphia.

American Line, Kensington	March 2
American Line, Ohio	March 9

Saloon fares from $40.00 to $90.00, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $25.00 to $35.00. Steerage, $10.00 to $25.00. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5.00 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10.00 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY, - Agent, Victoria
Cor. Port and Government Streets.

N. 242.

A BY-LAW.

Whereas it is Desirable to Amend the Sewer Connection Regulating By-Law, 1893

Therefore the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

Sec. 1. The said by-law is hereby amended by striking out all the words after the word "buildings" and before the word "in" in the fifth line of Section 1, by striking out all the words after the word "building" in the sixth line and before the word "to" in the seventh line of Section 3, and by striking out all the words after the word "made" and before the word "and" in the fifth line of Section 4, of the said by-law.

Sec. 2. Section 6 of the said by-law is hereby amended by striking out all the words in said section down to the word "in" in the second line thereof, and inserting in lieu of the said words, the words "all the sewerage and plumbing constructed."

Sec. 3. Section 7 of the said by-law is hereby amended by striking out the word "proposed" in the second line of said section, by striking out the words "architect of such building or premises or by the" in the fourth and fifth lines thereof, by inserting the words "or his agent" between the word "person" and the word "at" in the fifth line, and by striking out the words "on heavy white paper" in the ninth line, of said section.

Sec. 4. Section 8 of the said by-law is hereby amended by striking out the words "architect or" in the first line of said section and by inserting the words "or work" after the word "building" and before the word "is" in the third line thereof.

Sec. 5. This by-law may be cited as the "Sewer Connection Regulating By-Law, 1893, Amendment By-Law, 1895."

Passed the Municipal Council the 21st day of February, 1895.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council this 26th day of February, 1895.

(L.S.) JOHN TEAGUE, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1895, and all persons are required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

WELLINGTON COAL
- $6.50 PER TON
SWINERTON & ODDY,
110 Government Street.

C. P. N. CO., LTD., STEAMER
DANUBE
Major Master
Will leave Hilbert's Inner Wharf
—FOR—
Naas River & Way Ports
VIA VANCOUVER
Friday, March 1st,
At 8 o'clock p.m.
For freight or passage, apply at office of Company, 64 Wharf street, Victoria, B.C.
The company reserves the right to change this time table at any time, without notification.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.
feb26